



UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA

Notification No. CSR/ 12 /18

It is notified for information of all concerned that the Syndicate in its meeting held on 28.05.2018 (vide Item No.14) approved the Syllabi of different subjects in Undergraduate Honours / General / Major courses of studies (CBCS) under this University, as laid down in the accompanying pamphlet:

List of the subjects

| <u>Sl. No.</u> | <u>Subject</u> | <u>Sl. No.</u> | <u>Subject</u> |
|----------------|---|----------------|--|
| 1 | Anthropology (Honours / General) | 29 | Mathematics (Honours / General) |
| 2 | Arabic (Honours / General) | 30 | Microbiology (Honours / General) |
| 3 | Persian (Honours / General) | 31 | Mol. Biology (General) |
| 4 | Bengali (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1) | 32 | Philosophy (Honours / General) |
| 5 | Bio-Chemistry (Honours / General) | 33 | Physical Education (General) |
| 6 | Botany (Honours / General) | 34 | Physics (Honours / General) |
| 7 | Chemistry (Honours / General) | 35 | Physiology (Honours / General) |
| 8 | Computer Science (Honours / General) | 36 | Political Science (Honours / General) |
| 9 | Defence Studies (General) | 37 | Psychology (Honours / General) |
| 10 | Economics (Honours / General) | 38 | Sanskrit (Honours / General) |
| 11 | Education (Honours / General) | 39 | Social Science (General) |
| 12 | Electronics (Honours / General) | 40 | Sociology (Honours / General) |
| 13 | English ((Honours / General/ LCC1/ LCC2/AECC1) | 41 | Statistics (Honours / General) |
| 14 | Environmental Science (Honours / General) | 42 | Urdu (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1) |
| 15 | Environmental Studies (AECC2) | 43 | Women Studies (General) |
| 16 | Film Studies (General) | 44 | Zoology (Honours / General) |
| 17 | Food Nutrition (Honours / General) | 45 | Industrial Fish and Fisheries – IFFV (Major) |
| 18 | French (General) | 46 | Sericulture – SRTV (Major) |
| 19 | Geography (Honours / General) | 47 | Computer Applications – CMAV (Major) |
| 20 | Geology (Honours / General) | 48 | Tourism and Travel Management – TTMV (Major) |
| 21 | Hindi (Honours / General /LCC2 /AECC1) | 49 | Advertising Sales Promotion and Sales Management –ASPV (Major) |
| 22 | History (Honours / General) | 50 | Communicative English –CMEV (Major) |
| 23 | Islamic History Culture (Honours / General) | 51 | Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics CNDV (Major) |
| 24 | Home Science Extension Education (General) | 52 | Bachelor of Business Administration (BBA) (Honours) |
| 25 | House Hold Art (General) | 53 | Bachelor of Fashion and Apparel Design – (B.F.A.D.) (Honours) |
| 26 | Human Development (Honours / General) | 54 | Bachelor of Fine Art (B.F.A.) (Honours) |
| 27 | Human Rights (General) | 55 | B. Music (Honours / General) and Music (General) |
| 28 | Journalism and Mass Communication (Honours / General) | | |

The above shall be effective from the academic session 2018-2019.

SENATE HOUSE
KOLKATA-700073
The 4th June, 2018

spaul
4/6/18
(Dr. Santanu Paul)
Deputy Registrar

Final Draft BA (Honours)-CBCS Syllabus in Political Science, 2018 (Section I)

Core Courses

[Fourteen courses; Each course: 6 credits (5 theoretical segment+ 1 for tutorial-related segment). Total: 84 credits (1400 marks).

- ◆ Each course carries 80 marks^{^ ^} (plus 10 marks each for Attendance and Internal Assessment).
- ◆ Minimum 30 classes for Theory and 15 contact hours for Tutorial per module.

[^]End Semester Assessment for each course--- 65 marks for theoretical segment: 50 marks for subjective/descriptive questions + 15 marks for category of 1 mark-questions. Question Pattern for subjective/descriptive segment of 50 marks: 2 questions (within 100 words; one from each module) out of 4 (10 x 2 = 20) + 2 questions (within 500 words; one from each module) out of 4 (15 x 2 = 30).

^{^^}15 marks for tutorial-related segments as suggested below (any one item from each mode):

i) Written mode: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/upto 500 words for each of the two Term Papers/ equivalent Book Review/equivalent Comprehension/equivalent Quotation or Excerpt Elaboration.

ii) Presentation Mode: Report Presentation/Poster Presentation/Field work--- based on syllabus-related and/or current topics (May be done in groups)[The modes and themes and/or topics are to be decided by the concerned faculty members of respective colleges.]

- ◆ Core courses: First 2 each in Semesters 1 and 2; Next 3 each in Semesters 3 and 4; 2 each in Semesters 5 and 6. [Sequentially arranged]

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- ◆ The Readings provided below include many of those of the UGC Model CBCS Syllabus in Political Science. For further details of Course Objectives and additional references it is advised that the UGC model CBCS syllabus* concerning relevant courses and topics be provided due importance and primarily consulted.
*Website: BA Political Science (Honours): https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/2085906_B.A-Hons.-Pol-Science.pdf
- ◆ Cited advanced texts in Bengali are not necessarily substitutes, but supplementary to the English books.
- ◆ Paper Code Format: Subject-Course-Semester-Paper Number-Paper Component.
- ◆ The format is strictly subject to the parameters of the common structural CBCS format of the University.

List of Core Courses

- 1 – Understanding Political Theory: Concepts**
- 2 - Understanding Political Theory: Approaches and Debates**
- 3 - Constitutional Government in India**
- 4 – Politics in India: Structures and Processes**
- 5 – Indian Political Thought – I**
- 6 - Comparative Government and Politics**
- 7 – Perspectives on International Relations**
- 8 - Indian Political Thought – II**
- 9 – Global Politics since 1945**
- 10 – Western Political Thought & Theory I**
- 11 – Western Political Thought & Theory II**
- 12 - Political Sociology**
- 13 – Public Administration: Concepts and Perspectives**
- 14 – Administration and Public Policy in India**

[Semester-level break-up provided below]

Semester I

Understanding Political Theory: Concepts Code: PLS-A-CC-1-1-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Conceptualising politics: meaning of *political*.
2. Key concepts I: State; Nation; Sovereignty (evolution); Power and Authority--- types and linkages;
3. Key concepts II: Law, Liberty, Equality--- interrelationships.

Module II:

4. Key concepts III: Rights; Justice (with special reference to Rawls); Freedom.
5. Key concepts IV: Democracy (with special reference to David Held); Authoritarianism.
6. Key concepts V: Citizenship.

Readings:

- Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is Political Theory' in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. pp. 2-16.
- Bellamy, R. (1993) 'Introduction: The Demise and Rise of Political Theory', in Bellamy, R. (ed.) Theories and Concepts of Politics. New York: Manchester University Press, pp. 1-14.
- Glaser, D. (1995) 'Normative Theory', in Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) Theory and Methods in Political Science. London: Macmillan, pp. 21-40.
- D. Held: Political Theory Today.
- D. Held: Models of Democracy.
- N. Daniels: Reading Rawls.
- Andrew Heywood: The Basic Political Concepts.
- S. Ramaswamy: Political Theory--- Ideas and Concepts.
- S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory.
- T. Ball and R. Bellamy: Twentieth Century Political Thought.
- R. Bellamy: Theories and Concepts in Politics: An Introduction.
- C. McKinnan: Issues in Political Theory.
- Menon, Krishna. (2008) 'Justice', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction, pp. 74-86.

Understanding Political Theory: Approaches and Debates Code: PLS-A-CC-1-2-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Approaches I: Normative; Legal-Institutional; Empirical-Behavioural---Systems Analysis; Structural Functionalism.
2. Approaches II: Liberalism; Social Welfarism; Neo-Liberalism.
3. Approaches III: Postcolonial; Feminist.

Module II:

4. Marxian approach--- Dialectical Materialism and Historical Materialism.
5. Key ideas: State (focus on Relative Autonomy); Class and Class Struggle; Surplus Value; Alienation.
6. Party--- Democratic Centralism; Lenin-Rosa Luxemburg debate; Revolution--- Lenin and Mao. Hegemony and Civil Society: Gramsci.

Readings:

- K. Marx and F. Engels: The Communist Manifesto.
V. I. Lenin: The State.
John Gray: Liberalism.
David McLellan: The Thought of Karl Marx.
David McLellan: Marxism after Marx.
Tom Bottomore ed.: A Dictionary of Marxist Thought.
D. Riaznov ed.: The Communist Manifesto of Marx and Engels.
M Cornforth: Dialectical Materialism.
R. Miliband: Marxism and Politics.
Laszek Kolakowski: Main Currents of Marxism (3 volumes).
Ravi Kumar: Contemporary Readings in Marxism.
Kymlicka: Multiculturalism.
Marxist Internet Archive: www.marxist.org
Gurpreet Mahajan: The Multicultural Path.
R. Young: Postcolonialism: A Very Short Introduction.
Richard Bellamy: Citizenship: A Very Short Introduction.
Margaret Walters: Feminism: A Very Short Introduction.
Arpita Mukhopadhyay: Feminisms.

For Courses I and II:

- কার্ল মার্ক্স ও ফ্রিডরিশ এঙ্গেলস রচনা সংকলন
লেনিন নির্বাচিত রচনাবলী (বড়ো খণ্ড)
টম বটমোর: মার্ক্সীয় সমাজতন্ত্র (অনুবাদ: হিমাংশু ঘোষ)
দীপক কুমার দাস (সম্পাদিত): রাজনীতির তত্ত্বকথা (২ খণ্ড)
শোভনলাল দত্তগুপ্ত : মার্ক্সীয় রাষ্ট্রচিন্তা (২০০৬ সং)
ভোলানাথ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় : মরিস কর্নফোর্থ: দ্বন্দ্বমূলক বস্তুবাদ (অনুবাদ)
চৈতালি বসু: রাজনীতিশাস্ত্র ও অভিজ্ঞতাবাদী রাষ্ট্রতত্ত্ব
রাজশ্রী বসু ও বাসবী চক্রবর্তী (সম্পা): প্রসঙ্গ মানবীবিদ্যা
অশোক সরকার: রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান অভিধান
শোভনলাল দত্তগুপ্ত, রতন খাসনবিশ, সৌরীন ভট্টাচার্য: উত্তর-উপনিবেশবাদ ও মার্ক্সবাদ
দেবারতি সেনগুপ্ত ও পারমিতা ব্যানার্জি: পিতৃতন্ত্র কাহাকে বলে (কমলা ভাসিনের What is Patriarchy-র অনুবাদ)

Semester II

Constitutional Government in India

Code: PLS-A-CC-2-3-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Evolution of the Indian Constitution. Role of the Constituent Assembly--- debates (overview). The Preamble.
2. Citizenship. Fundamental Rights and Duties. Directive Principles.
3. Nature of Indian Federalism: Union-State Relations.
4. Union Executive: President, Vice-President: election, position, functions (focus on Emergency Powers), Prime Minister, Council of Ministers, relationship of Prime Minister and President.

Module II:

5. Union Legislature: Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha: Organisation, Functions – Lawmaking procedure, Parliamentary procedure, Privileges, Committee system. Speaker.
6. Government in states: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers: position and functions – State Legislature: composition and functions.
7. Judiciary: Supreme Court and the High Courts: composition and functions – Judicial activism.
8. Constitutional amendment. Major recommendations of National Commission to Review the Working of the Constitution.

Readings:

Constitution of India: Government of India.

G. Austin: The Indian Constitution.

G. Austin: Working a Democratic Constitution

S.K. Chaube: The Constituent Assembly--- Springboard of a Revolution (latest edition).

M.V. Pylee: India's Constitution.

S.L. Sikri: Indian Government and Politics.

S.C. Kashyap ed.: Perspectives on the Constitution.

A.G. Noorani: Constitutional Question in India.

G. Austin, (2010) 'The Constituent Assembly: Microcosm in Action', in The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 15th print, pp.1-25.

R. Bhargava, (2008) 'Introduction: Outline of a Political Theory of the Indian Constitution', in R. Bhargava (ed.) Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-40.

D. Basu, (2012) Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi: Lexis Nexis.

S. K. Chaube, (2009) The Making and Working of the Indian Constitution, Delhi: National Book Trust.

G. Austin, (2000) 'The Social Revolution and the First Amendment', in Working a Democratic Constitution, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 69-98.

B. Shankar and V. Rodrigues, (2011) 'The Changing Conception of Representation: Issues, Concerns and Institutions', in The Indian Parliament: A Democracy at Work, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 105-173.

V. Hewitt and S. Rai, (2010) 'Parliament', in P. Mehta and N. Jayal (eds.) The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 28-42.

J. Manor, (2005) 'The Presidency', in D. Kapur and P. Mehta P. (eds.) Public Institutions in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.105-127.

J. Manor, (1994) 'The Prime Minister and the President', in B. Dua and J. Manor (eds.) Nehru to the Nineties: The

Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India, Vancouver: University of British Columbia Press, pp. 20-47.
 H. Khare, (2003) 'Prime Minister and the Parliament: Redefining Accountability in the Age of Coalition Government', in A. Mehra and G. Kueck (eds.) The Indian Parliament: A Comparative Perspective, New Delhi: Konark, pp. 350-368.
 U. Baxi, (2010) 'The Judiciary as a Resource for Indian Democracy', Seminar, Issue 615, pp. 61-67.
 R. Ramachandran, (2006) 'The Supreme Court and the Basic Structure Doctrine' in B. Kirpal et.al (eds.) Supreme but not Infallible: Essays in Honour of the Supreme Court of India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 107-133.
 M. Singh, and R. Saxena (eds.), (2011) 'Towards Greater Federalization,' in Indian Politics: Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning, Delhi: PHI Learning Private Ltd., pp.166-195.
 V. Marwah, (1995) 'Use and Abuse of Emergency Powers: The Indian Experience', in B. Arora and D. Verney (eds.) Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian Federalism in a Comparative Perspective, Delhi: Konark, pp. 136-159.
 Additional Reading:
 The Constitution of India: Bare Act with Short Notes, (2011) New Delhi: Universal, pp. 4-16.

ভারতীয় সংবিধান (বাংলা সংস্করণ)
 দুর্গাদাস বসু - ভারতের সংবিধান পরিচয়
 সুভাষ সি কাশ্যপ - আমাদের সংবিধান (অনুবাদ: পার্থ সরকার)
 অমল কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায় - ভারতীয় সংবিধানের সহজ পাঠ

Politics in India: Structures and Processes Code: PLS-A-CC-2-4-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Party system: features and trends – major national political parties in India: ideologies and programmes. Coalition politics in India: nature and trends. Political parties in West Bengal: Overview.
2. Electoral process: Election Commission: composition, functions, role. Electoral reforms.
3. Role of business groups, working class, peasants in Indian politics.

Module IV:

4. Role of (a) religion (b) language (c) caste (d) tribe.
5. Regionalism in Indian politics.
6. New Social Movements since the 1970s: (a) environmental movements (b) women's movements (c) human rights movements.

Readings:

R. Kothari, (2002) 'The Congress System', in Z. Hasan (ed.) Parties and Party Politics in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 39-55.
 E. Sridharan, (2012) 'Introduction: Theorizing Democratic Consolidation, Parties and Coalitions', in Coalition Politics and Democratic Consolidation in Asia, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
 Y. Yadav and S. Palshikar, (2006) 'Party System and Electoral Politics in the Indian States, 1952-2002: From Hegemony to Convergence', in P. deSouza and E. Sridharan (eds.) India's Political Parties, New Delhi: Sage Publications, pp. 73-115.
 R. Hardgrave and S. Kochanek: India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation (Latest edition).
 S. Palshikar, (2008) 'The Indian State: Constitution and Beyond', in R. Bhargava (ed.) Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 143-163.
 Partha Chatterjee: State and Politics in India.
 Sudipta Kaviraj ed.: Politics in India.

R. Kothari, (1970) 'Introduction', in Caste in Indian Politics, Delhi: Orient Longman, pp.3-25. M. Weiner, (2001) 'The Struggle for Equality: Caste in Indian Politics', in Atul Kohli (ed.) The Success of India's Democracy, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, pp. 193-225.

C. J. Nirmal ed.: Human Rights in India.

Y. Yadav, (2000) 'Understanding the Second Democratic Upsurge', in F. Frankel, Z. Hasan, and R. Bhargava (eds.) Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics in Democracy, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 120-145.

C. Jaffrelot, (2008) 'Why Should We Vote? The Indian Middle Class and the Functioning of World's Largest Democracy', in Religion, Caste and Politics in India, Delhi: Primus, pp. 604-619.

Deshpande, (2004) 'How Gendered was Women's Participation in Elections 2004?', Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 39, No. 51, pp. 5431-5436.

Siddhartha Guha Roy: Human Rights, Democratic Rights and Popular Protest.

G. Shah: Social Movements in India. Raka Ray and M.F. Katzenstein eds.: Social Movements in India.

S. Corbridge and J. Harris: Reinventing India: Liberalization, Hindu nationalism and Popular Democracy.

Bipan Chandra et al.: India after Independence (1947-2000).

Rajni Kothari ed.: Caste in Indian Politics.

Bharati Ray and Aparna Basu eds.: From Independence to Freedom--- Indian Women since 1947.

Fields of Protest: Women's Movement in India.

D.N. Sen: From Raj to Swaraj.

R. Chatterjee ed.: Politics India--- State-Society Interface.

Sumit Ganguly et al. eds.: The State of India's Democracy.

Z. Hasan: Politics and Party Politics in India.

B.L. Shankar and V. Rodrigues: The Indian Parliament: A Democracy at Work.

Ashutosh Varshney: India and the Politics of Developing Countries.

Achin Vanaik and Rajiv Bhargava: Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives.

A. Kohli and P. Singh eds.: The Routledge Handbook of India Politics.

N.G. Jayal and P.B. Mehta eds.: The Oxford Companion to Politics in India.

Anil Jana ed., Decentralizing Rural Governance and Development.

Z. Hasan et al eds.: India's Living Constitution.

বিপান চন্দ্র: সমসাময়িক ভারত বিষয়ক নিবন্ধ (অনুবাদ: দিলীপ ভট্টাচার্য্য)

বিপান চন্দ্র, মৃদুলা মুখার্জী, আদিত্য মুখার্জী: ভারতবর্ষ স্বাধীনতার পরে ১৯৪৭-২০০০ (অনুবাদ: আশীষ লাহিড়ী)

সত্যব্রত দত্ত: বাংলা বিধানসভার একশো বছর

শাস্ত্রী ঘোষ: সমতার দিকে আন্দোলনে নারী

শুভেন্দু দাশগুপ্ত (সম্পা): প্রসঙ্গ মানবাধিকার

ভারতীয় সংবিধান (বাংলা সংস্করণ)

Semester III

Indian Political Thought– I Code: PLS-A-CC-3-5-TH+TU

Module I:

1 Ancient Indian Political ideas: overview.

2. Kautilya: Saptanga theory, Dandaniti, Diplomacy.

3. Medieval political thought in India: overview (with reference to Barani and Abul Fazal). Legitimacy of kingship.

4. Principle of Syncretism.

Module II:

5. Modern Indian thought: Rammohun Roy as pioneer of Indian liberalism – his views on rule of law, freedom of thought and social justice.
6. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, Vivekananda and Rabindranath Tagore: views on nationalism.
7. M.K. Gandhi: views on State, Swaraj, Satyagraha.

Readings:

- R.S. Sharma: Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
Saiyid Athar Abbas Rizvi – A History of Sufism in India (Vol.2)
Amit Dey – Sufism in India
V.R. Mehta: Foundation of Indian Political Thought.
T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India.
A. Altekar, (1958) 'The Kingship', in State and Government in Ancient India, 3rd edition
Advaita Ashram: Complete Works of Swami Vivekananda.
U.N. Ghosal: The History of Hindu Political Theories.
J. Bandopadhyay: Social and Political Thought of Gandhi
D.D. Kosambi: Ancient India.
Romila Thapar: From Lineages to State.
K.A. Nizami ed.: Politics and Society during the Early Medieval Period.
B. Bhattacharya: Evolution of the Political Philosophy of Gandhi.
B.R. Nanda: Gandhi and His Critics.
Partha Chatterjee: Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World.
Rabindranath Tagore: Nationalism.
Sudipta Kaviraj: The Unhappy Consciousness: Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay and the Formation of Nationalist Discourse in India.
Bidyut Chakrabarty and R.K. Pandey: Modern Indian Political Thought--- Text and Context.

- সুধীন্দ্রনাথ ভৌমিক: নব্যবঙ্গে রাষ্ট্রচিন্তার ধারা
ভারতী মুখার্জী: প্রাচীন ভারতের রাষ্ট্রনৈতিক চিন্তা
নৃসিংহ প্রসাদ ভাদুড়ি: দণ্ডনীতি
সত্যরত চক্রবর্তী (সম্পা): ভারতবর্ষ: রাষ্ট্রভাবনা
সুমিত সরকার: আধুনিক ভারত
সরল চট্টোপাধ্যায়: ভারতীয় স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামের ক্রমবিকাশ
মনস্বিতা সান্যাল (অনু.): ভারতীয় জাতীয়তাবাদের সামাজিক পটভূমি (A R Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism-র অনুবাদ)
দিলীপ কুমার বিশ্বাস: রামমোহন সমীক্ষা
তরুণ কুমার বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়: নেতাজী সুভাষচন্দ্রের রাষ্ট্রদর্শন
দেবজ্যোতি বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়: রবীন্দ্রনাথের জাতীয়তাবাদ-বিরোধী স্বদেশপ্রেম

Module I:

1. Evolution of Comparative Politics. Scope, purposes and methods of comparison. Distinction between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.
2. Major approaches to the study of comparative politics---Institutional approach (dominant schools: Systems approach and Structural Functional approach)---limitations; New Institutionalism, Political Economy--- origin and key features.
3. Development and democratization: S.P. Huntington.
4. Classification of political systems. Nature of liberal and socialist political systems; distinguishing features--- conventions, rule of law (UK), separation of powers, checks and balances, judicial review (USA), democratic centralism (PRC), referendum, initiative (Switzerland).
5. Political Parties: Typology, features and roles (UK, USA, PRC and Bangladesh). Interest groups: roles (UK and USA).

Module II:

6. Unitary system: UK, Bangladesh. Federal system: USA, Russia.
7. Legislature in UK, USA and PRC: composition and functions of legislative chambers; Committee System in UK and USA
8. Executive in UK, USA, France and Russia: A comparative study of (i) Russian, French and American Presidency; (ii) British and French cabinet systems.
9. Judiciary in UK, USA and PRC (with focus on the Procuratorate): comparative study.
10. Rights of the citizens of UK, USA and PRC: A comparative study.

Readings:

- Gabriel Almond et al eds.: Comparative Politics Today: A World View (latest edition).
J. Kopstein and M. Lichbach (eds.) Comparative Politics: Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order.
Subrata Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: Theoretical Foundations of Comparative Politics.
J. Bara and M Pennington eds.: Comparative Politics.
J. Kopstein and H. Lichbach eds. : Comparative Politics.
J. Harvey and S. Bather: The British Constitution.
J. Wilson: American Government.
S.E. Finer: Comparative Government.
J. Blondel: An Introduction to Comparative Politics.
The Constitution of People's Republic of China.
J. Gittings: China Changes Face: The Road from Revolution 1949-89.
S. Boyron: The Constitution of France: A Contextual Analysis.
M. Burgess: Comparative Federalism: Theory and Practice.
J. McCormick, Jr.: Comparative Politics in Transition.
R. Chatterjee: Introduction to Comparative Political Analysis.
N.K. Singh: Bangladesh--- Constitution, Law and Justice.
J. Henderson: Constitution of the Russian Federation: A Contextual Analysis.
S. P. Huntington: The Third Wave: Democratization in the Late Twentieth Century.
M. Duverger: Political Parties.

রাখহরি চ্যাটার্জী: তুলনামূলক রাজনীতিপরিচয়
অমিতাভ রায় (সম্পা): তুলনামূলক রাজনীতি
রাজশ্রী বসু (সম্পাদিত)-তুলনামূলক শাসনব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি
পঞ্চানন চট্টোপাধ্যায়: ফ্রান্সের সাধারণতন্ত্র

Perspectives on International RelationsCode: PLS-A-CC-3-7-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Understanding International Relations: outline of its evolution as academic discipline.
2. Major theories: (a) Classical Realism and Neo-Realism (b) Dependency (c) World Systems theory.
3. Emergent issues: (a) Development (b) Environment (c) Terrorism (d) Migration.

Module II:

4. Making of foreign policy.
5. Indian foreign policy: major phases: 1947-1962; 1962-1991; 1991-till date.
6. Sino-Indian relations; Indo-US relations.

Readings:

- M. Nicholson, International Relations: A Concise Introduction, New York: Palgrave.
Jackson and G. Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, 3rd Edition.
Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) International Relations.
C. Brown and K. Ainley, (2009) Understanding International Relations
H.J. Morgenthau: Politics among Nations.
K. Booth and S. Smith, (eds), International Relations Theory Today
S.H. Hoffman: Essays in Theory and Politics of International Relations.
K.J. Holsti: International Politics: A Framework for Analysis.
J. Frankel: The Making of Foreign Policy.
J. Frankel: Contemporary International Theory and Behaviour of States.
J. Bennett: International Organizations.
J. Bandopadhyay: The Making of India's Foreign Policy.
D.A. Baldwin ed.: Neo-realism and Neo-liberalism.
M. Smith and R. Little: Perspectives on World Politics.
P.R. Viotti and M.V. Kauppi: International Relations and World Politics.
Muchkund Dubey: India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World.
Peu Ghosh: International Relations.
S.D. Muni: Indian Foreign Policy: The Democracy Dimension.
K.P. Bajpai and H.V. Panth: India's Foreign Policy--- A Reader.
Sumit Ganguly: India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect.
V. P. Dutt: India's Foreign Policy since Independence.
V.P. Dutt: Indian Foreign Policy in a Changing World.

পুরুষোত্তম ভট্টাচার্য ও অনিন্দ্যজ্যোতি মজুমদার (সম্পা.): আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্কের রূপরেখা
গৌতম বসু: আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক: তত্ত্ব ও বিবর্তন

Semester IV

Indian Political Thought II Code: PLS-A-CC-4-8-TH+TU

Module I:

1. M.N. Roy: Radical Humanism.
2. Narendra Deva, Ram Manohar Lohia, Jayaprakash Narayan: Socialist ideas
3. Syed Ahmed Khan and Iqbal: views on colonialism and nationalism.

Module II:

4. Nehru: views on Socialism and Democracy. Subhas Chandra Bose: views on Socialism and Fascism.
5. Contested notions of 'nation'--- Savarkar, Jinnah.
6. Jyotiba Phule and Ambedkar on caste system and untouchability. Pandita Ramabai's views on social justice

Readings:

- V. R. Mehta and T. Pantham (eds.), 'A Thematic Introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization, Vol. 10, Part: 7, pp. xxvii-ixi.
- V. Mehta and Th. Pantham (eds.), Political ideas in modern India: Thematic Explorations
- S. Hay (ed.), Sources of Indian Tradition, Vol. 2. Second Edition.
- T. Pantham and K.L. Deutsch: Political Thought in Modern India.
- Sumit Sarkar: Modern India.
- Bipan Chandra: Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India.
- A. Parel, (ed.), 'Introduction', in Gandhi, freedom and Self Rule
- D. Dalton, (1982) 'Continuity of Innovation', in Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi.
- J. Nehru: Discovery of India.
- B. Zachariah, Nehru.
- S. Thorat and Aryana eds.: Ambedkar in Retrospect.
- J. Sharma, (2003) Hindutva: Exploring the Idea of Hindu Nationalism
- Y. Meherally ed.: Narendra Deva: Socialism and National Revolution.
- Ramchandra Guha: India after Gandhi.
- Uma Chakrabarti: Rewriting History: The Life and Times of Pandita Ramabai.
- B. K. Bhattacharya ed., Salient Ideas of Rammonohar Lohia.
- Bidyut Chakrabarty and R.K. Pandey: Modern Indian Political Thought--- Text and Context.

Global Politics since 1945 Code: PLS-A-CC-4-9-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Cold War and its evolution: outline. Emergence of Third World: NAM; Pan Africanism. Post-Cold War world: overview. Globalization: conceptions and perspectives.
2. Europe in transition: European Union, Brexit (overview).
3. Major institutions of global governance: World Bank, IMF, WTO--- overview. Major regional organizations: ASEAN, OPEC, SAFTA, SAARC and BRICS. West Asia and the Palestine question.

Module II:

4. India and her neighbours I: Pakistan; Bangladesh.
5. India and her neighbours II: Nepal; Bhutan; Sri Lanka.
6. UNO: background; Major organs--- General Assembly, Security Council and Secretariat (with focus on Secretary General). Role of UNO in peace-keeping, human rights, and development (Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development Goals).

Readings:

- P. Calvocoressi: World Politics since 1945 (latest edition).
R. Mansbach and K. Taylor, (2012) Introduction to Global Politics
J. Baylis and S. Smith (eds), The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations.
G. Ritzer: Globalization--- A Basic Text.
J.A. Moore, Jr. and J. Pubantz: The New United Nations.
S. Juyal and B. Ramesh Babu: The United Nations and World Peace.
K. Bajpai and H.C. Shukul eds.: Interpreting World Politics.
J. Baylis and S. Smith: The Globalization of World Politics.
L.M. Goodriche: The UN in Changing World.
M.S. Rajan: Essays in Non-Alignment and UN.
Alvin Y. So: Development and Social Change.
J. Haynes: Third World Politics.
Ankie Hoogvelt: Globalization and the Postcolonial World
N.O. Sullivan ed.: Terrorism, Ideology and Revolution.
D. Nayyar: Governing Globalization.
G. Ritzer: Globalization--- A Basic Text.
S.D. Muni: Responding to Terrorism in South Asia.
Peter Burnel: Politics in the Developing World.
B.C. Smith: Understanding Third World Politics.
Björn Hettne: Development Theory and the Three Worlds.

রাধারমণ চক্রবর্তী ও সুকল্পা চক্রবর্তী: সমসাময়িক আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক
পুরুষোত্তম ভট্টাচার্য ও অনিন্দ্যজ্যোতি মজুমদার (সম্পা.): আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্কের রূপরেখা
গৌতম বসু: আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক: তত্ত্ব ও বিবর্তন
অনীক চট্টোপাধ্যায়: ঠাণ্ডামুদ্রের পর আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT AND THEORY I

Code: PLS-A-CC-4-10-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Greek political thought: main features – Plato: justice, communism – Aristotle: state, classifications of constitutions.
2. Roman political thought: theories of Law and Citizenship – contributions of Roman thought.
3. Medieval political thought in Europe: major features.
4. Contribution of Machiavelli. Significance of Renaissance. Political thought of Reformation.

Module II:

5. Bodin: Idea of Sovereignty.
6. Hobbes: founder of science of materialist politics.

7. Locke: founder of Liberalism. views on natural rights, property and consent.
8. Rousseau: views on freedom and democracy.

Readings:

- A. Skoble and T. Machan: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections.
 D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present
 G. H. Sabine and T.I. Thorson: A History of Political Theory.
 D. Boucher and P. Kelly: Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present.
 S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: A history of Political Thought: From Plato to Marx.
 R.G. Gettell: History of Political Thought.
 B. Barker: The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle.
 Q. Skinner: Machiavelli: A Very Short Introduction.
 A.K. Mukhopadhyay: Western Political Thought: from Plato to Marx.

Semester V

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT AND THEORY II

Code: PLS-A-CC-5-11-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Bentham: Utilitarianism. John Stuart Mill: views on liberty and representative government.
2. Hegel: Civil Society and State.
3. T. H. Green: Freedom, Obligation.

Module II:

4. Utopian and Scientific Socialism: basic characteristics.
5. Varieties of non-Marxist socialism: Fabianism, Syndicalism, Guild Socialism.
6. Anarchism: overview.
7. Cultural Marxism: Frankfurt School (overview). Post-Marxism: emergence and basic contentions.

Readings:

- A. Skoble and T. Machan: Political Philosophy: Essential Selections.
 D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present
 G. H. Sabine and T.I. Thorson: A History of Political Theory.
 D. Boucher and P. Kelly: Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present.
 S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: A history of political Thought: From Plato to Marx.
 R.G. Gettell: History of Political Thought.
 Q. Skinner: The Foundations of Modern Political Thought (2 Volumes).
 A.K. Mukhopadhyay: Western Political Thought: from Plato to Marx.
 C.E.M. Joad: Political Theory.
 L. Kolakowski: Main Currents of Marxism (3 Volumes).
 D.K. Das and T. Chattopadhyay: Varieties of Socialism.
 D. McLellan: The Thought of Karl Marx.
 D. McLellan: Marxism after Marx.

S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy: A History of Socialist Thought.
Frankfurt School: Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy, <http://www.iep.utm.edu/frankfur/>

শোভনলাল দত্তগুপ্ত(সম্পা.:পাশ্চাত্য রাষ্ট্রভাবনা)
অমল কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায়: রাষ্ট্রদর্শনের ধারা
রামকৃষ্ণ ভট্টাচার্য: মার্কসবাদ জিজ্ঞাসা
অমৃতভ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়: পাশ্চাত্য রাষ্ট্রচিন্তার ইতিহাস
সুদীপ্ত দে: গণরাজ্য (প্লেটোর Republic র অনুবাদ)
নির্মলকান্তি মজুমদার: এয়ারিস্টটেলের Politics -র অনুবাদ
সুনীল বরণ বিশ্বাস: ম্যাকিয়াভেলীর Prince -র অনুবাদ
হিমাংশু ঘোষ: রাজনৈতিক তত্ত্বের ইতিহাস (J H Sabine র ভাষান্তর)
শোভনলাল দত্তগুপ্ত: মার্কসীয় রাষ্ট্রচিন্তা-মার্কস থেকে মাও সে তুং

Political SociologyCode: PLS-A-CC-5-12-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Social bases of politics. Emergence of Political Sociology.
2. Political culture and Political socialization: nature, types and agencies.
3. Political participation: concept and types.
4. Political development and social change.
5. Political Communication: Concept and structures.

Module II:

6. Social stratification and politics: caste, tribe, class, elite.
7. Gender and politics: basic issues.
8. Religion and politics: varying perspectives.
9. Military and politics: conditions and modes of intervention.
10. Electorate and electoral behaviour (with special reference to the Indian context).

Readings:

Michael Rush: Politics and Sociology.
B. Axford et al.: Politics--- An Introduction.
Tom Bottomore: Political Sociology.
Amal K. Mukhopadhyay: Political Sociology.
S. Chakraborty ed.: Political Sociology.
Tom Bottomore: Classes in Modern Society.
R. Chatterjee ed.: Religion, Politics and Communalism.
B. Lindenfeld ed.: Reader in Political Sociology.
Pradip Basu (ed.) – Political Sociology
J. Forbes: Women in Modern India.
M. Evans ed.: The Women Question.
P. Worsley: The Three Worlds: Culture and World Development.
Samuel Huntington: Political Order in a Changing Society.
G.A. Almond and J.S. Coleman eds.: The Politics of Developing Areas.

J. Manor: Rethinking Third World Politics.
J. Kantola et al eds.: The Oxford Handbook of Gender Politics.
J. Blondel: Comparative Government.
G.A. Almond and G.B. Powell, Jr.: Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach.
S. Oates: Introduction to Media and Politics.

টম বটমোর: মার্ক্সীয় সমাজতত্ত্ব (অনুবাদ: হিমাংশু ঘোষ); সত্যব্রত চক্রবর্তী: রাষ্ট্র, সমাজ ও রাজনীতি

Semester VI

Public Administration-- Concepts and Perspectives Code: PLS-A-CC-6-13-TH+TU

Module I:

1. Nature, Scope and Evolution of Public Administration – Private and Public Administration. Principles of Socialist Management.
2. Challenges to discipline of Public Administration and responses: New Public Administration, Comparative Public Administration, Development Administration (Indian context).
3. Major concepts of administration: (a) Hierarchy (b) Unity of Command (c) Span of Control (d) Authority (e) Centralization, Decentralization and Delegation (f) Line and Staff.
4. Public Administration in the era of globalization, liberalization and privatization. Governance: conceptual emergence--- distinction with government. e-governance: features and significance.

Module II:

5. Bureaucracy: views of Marx and Weber.
6. Ecological approach to Public Administration: Riggsian Model.
7. Administrative Processes: (a) Decision making (b) Communication and Control (c) Leadership (d) Coordination.
8. Public Policy: definition, characteristics. Models. Policy implementation.

Readings:

Nicholas Henry: Public Administration and the State.
W. Wilson, (2004) 'The Study of Administration', in B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya (eds), Administrative Change and Innovation: a Reader, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 85-101
Mohit Bhattacharya: Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour.
M. Bhattacharya, Public Administration: Issues and Perspectives.
A. Avasthi and S. Avasthi: Public Administration.
M. Bhattacharya: Restructuring Public Administration.
B. Chakrabarty: Public Administration: From Government to Governance.
B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya eds.: Public Administration: A Reader.
B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya eds.: The Governance Discourse.
Shivani Singh: Governance: Issues and Challenges.
M.P. Sharma: Public Administration in Theory and Practice.
Rumki Basu: Public Administration: Concepts and Theories.
G.H. Frederickson: New Public Administration.
R. Prasad et al. eds.: Administrative Thinkers.

S.R. Maheswari: Administrative Theory.
Ramesh Arora: Comparative Public Administration.
R.K. Sapru: Development Administration.
M. Bhattacharya: New Horizons of Public Administration.
T. Dye, (1984) Understanding Public Policy, 5th Edition.
Xun Wu, M.Ramesh, Michael Howlett and Scott Fritzen, The Public Policy Primer: Managing The Policy Process.
Prabir Kumar De, *Public Policy and Systems*,
B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Public Administration in a Globalizing World: Theories and Practices.
U. Medury, Public administration in the Globalisation Era.
Additional Reading: The Oxford Handbook of Public Policy.

Administration and Public Policy in India Code: PLS-A-CC-6-14-TH+TU

Module I

1. Continuity and change in Indian administration: brief historical overview.
2. Civil Service in India (Bureaucracy): recruitment (role of UPSC, SPSC), training.
3. Organization of Union Government: Secretariat Administration: PMO, Cabinet Secretariat.
4. Organization of State Government: Chief Secretary – relations between Secretariat and Directorate.
5. District Administration: role of District Magistrate, SDO, BDO.

Module II:

6. Local Self Government: Corporations, Municipalities and Panchayats in West Bengal, structure and functions. 73rd and 74th Amendment: overview.
7. Planning: Planning Commission, National Development Council. District Planning. Changing nature of planning: NITI Ayog. Budget--- concept and significance.
8. Financial Administration: Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee – role of CAG.
9. Citizen and administration: functions of Lokpal and Lokayukt. Right to Information--- Citizen Charter.
10. Citizen and social welfare policies: MGNREGA; Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA); National Health Mission (NRHM).

Readings:

Bidyut Chakrabarty, Reinventing Public Administration: The Indian Experience.
S. R. Maheswari: Indian Administration.
R.B. Jain: Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration.
B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Indian Administration.
Noorjahan Bava, Development Policies and Administration in India.
Satyajit Singh and Pradeep K. Sharma [eds.] Decentralisation: Institutions and Politics in Rural India.
Basu Rumki: Public Administration in India Mandates, Performance and Future Perspectives.
A. Celestine: How to Read the Union Budget PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at <http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/how-to-read-the-union-budget-1023/>
Primer on the Budget Process published by PRS, Available at <http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/the-budget-process-484/>
R.V. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, Public Policy Making In India, Pearson.

B. Chakrabarty and P. Chand: Public Policy: Concepts, Theory and Practice.
S. Singh and P. Sharma: Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India.
Anil Jana ed.: Decentralizing Rural Governance and Development.
P. Datta: Panchayats, Rural Development and Local Autonomy: the West Bengal Experience.
A. Mukhopadhyay: Panchayat Administration in West Bengal.

For both Courses 13 and 14:

মোহিত ভট্টাচার্য ও বিশ্বনাথ ঘোষ: জনপ্রশাসন ও পরিকল্পনা
সোমা ঘোষ: জনপ্রশাসন: তত্ত্ব ও প্রয়োগ
রাজশ্রী বসু: জনপ্রশাসন
পদ্মা রামচন্দ্রন: ভারতে সরকারী প্রশাসন (অনুবাদ: সন্তোষ কুমার অধিকারী)
অসিত বসু: পশ্চিমবঙ্গে পঞ্চায়েত ব্যবস্থা
প্রভাত দত্ত: প্রসঙ্গ পঞ্চায়েত

Guidelines:

- i) For very contemporary topics, such as, NITI Ayog and MGNREGA, the respective official websites may be consulted.
 - ii) For supplementary readings, relevant reputed websites of recognized academic credential may be legally accessed.
 - iii) Bengali books cited in a particular course may be used in another *related* course, if found relevant.
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University of Calcutta

Final Draft BA (Honours)-CBCS Syllabus in Political Science, 2018 (Section II)

Discipline- specific Elective Category: 4 courses (8 courses provided). One from Group A and one from Group B in Semesters 5 and one from Group A and one from Group B in Semester 6.

Generic Elective Category: 4 courses(Core Courses of the General Syllabus from a subject other than Political Science. Not provided here.)

Each DSE and GE course: 6 credits (5 theoretical segment+ 1 for tutorial-related segment).

Skill Enhancement/Skill-based Category: 2 courses(4 courses provided). Each Course: 2 credits. Theoretical only (no Tutorial). Any one course from Group A in Semester 3 and any one course from Group B in Semester 4.

Ability Enhancement Compulsory Category:2 courses: Common for all. Not provided here.

- ◆ Each course carries 80 marks ^combining theoretical and tutorial segments (plus 10 marks each for Attendance and Continuous Internal Assessment).
- ◆ 6 credit course: Minimum 30 classes for Theory and 15 contact hours for Tutorial per module. 2 credit course: 30 teaching/lecture hours in total.

^End Semester Assessment--- 65 marks for theoretical segment: 50 marks for subjective/descriptive questions + 15 marks for 1 mark-questions. Question Pattern for subjective/descriptive segment of 50 marks: 2 questions (within 100 words; one from each module) out of 4 (10 x 2 = 20) + 2 questions (within 500 words; one from each module) out of 4 (15 x 2 = 30).>>For Skill Enhancement Courses the last component would carry 6 questions--- 15 marks each--- out of which 3 (at least one from each module) to be attempted because such courses have no Tutorial.

- ◆ 15 marks for tutorial-related segments as suggested below (any one item from each mode): i) Written mode: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/upto 500 words for each of the two Term Papers/ equivalent Book Review/equivalent Comprehension/equivalent Quotation or Excerpt Elaboration. ii) Presentation Mode: Report Presentation/Poster Presentation/Field work--- based on syllabus-related and/or current topics (May be done in groups) [The modes and themes and/or topics are to be decided by the concerned faculty members of respective colleges.]
- ◆ Discipline-specific: 2 each (one from Group A and one from Group B) in Semesters 5 and 6.
- ◆ Generic Elective: 1 each in Semesters 1-4.<>Skill Enhancement: 1 each in Semesters 3 and 4.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- ◆ The Readings provided below include many of those of the UGC Model CBCS Syllabus in Political Science. For Course Objectives and references it is advised that the UGC model CBCS syllabus* concerning relevant courses and topics be provided due importance and primarily consulted.

*Website: BA Political Science (Honours): https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/2085906_B.A-Hons.-Pol-Science.pdf

- ◆ Cited advanced texts in Bengali are not necessarily substitutes, but supplementary to English books.
 - ◆ Paper Code Format: Subject Code-Course Code-Semester Code-Paper Number-Paper Component.
 - ◆ The format is strictly subject to the parameters of the common structural format of CU CBCS.
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Honours in Political Science

List of Discipline-specific Elective Courses:

- ◆ Gender and Politics
- ◆ Understanding South Asia
- ◆ Indian Foreign Policy in a Globalising World
- ◆ Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India
- ◆ Public Policy in India
- ◆ Understanding Global Politics
- ◆ Citizenship in a Globalising World
- ◆ Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective

List of Skill Enhancement Courses:

- ◆ Democratic Awareness through Legal Literacy
 - ◆ Understanding the Legal System
 - ◆ Legislative Practices and Procedures
 - ◆ Elementary Aspects of Social Research
-

Discipline-specific Electives:

Gender and Politics

Code: PLS-A-DSE-5-A(1)-TH+TU

Module I

I. Groundings

1. Patriarchy

a. Sex-Gender Debates

b. Public and Private

c. Power

2. Feminism

3. Family, Community, State

a. Family

b. Community

c. State

Module II

II. Movements and Issues

1. History of the Women's Movement in India

2. Violence against women

3. Work and Labour

a. Visible and Invisible work

b. Reproductive and care work

c. Sex work

Readings:

I. Groundings

1. Patriarchy

T. Shinde, (1993) 'Stree Purusha Tulna', in K. Lalitha and Susie Tharu (eds), *Women Writing in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, pp. 221-234.

a. Sex Gender Debates

Readings:

V Geetha, (2002) *Gender*, Kolkata, Stree, pp. 1-20

b. Public and Private

Readings:

M. Kosambi, (2007) *Crossing the Threshold*, New Delhi, Permanent Black, pp. 3-10; 40-46

c. Power

Readings:

N. Menon, (2008) 'Power', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp.148-157

2. Feminism

Readings:

B. Hooks, (2010) 'Feminism: A Movement to End Sexism', in C. Mc Cann and S. Kim (eds), *The Feminist Reader: Local and Global Perspectives*, New York: Routledge, pp. 51-57

R. Delmar, (2005) 'What is Feminism?', in W. Kolmar & F. Bartkowski (eds) *Feminist Theory: A Reader*, pp. 27-37

3. Family, Community and State

a. Family

Readings:

R. Palriwala, (2008) 'Economics and Patriline: Consumption and Authority within the Household' in M. John. (ed) *Women's Studies in India*, New Delhi: Penguin, pp. 414-423

b. Community

Readings:

U. Chakravarti, (2003) *Gendering Caste through a Feminist Lens*, Kolkata, Stree, pp. 139-159.

c. State

C. MacKinnon, 'The Liberal State' from *Towards a Feminist Theory of State*, Available at <http://fair-use.org/catharine-mackinnon/toward-a-feminist-theory-of-the-state/chapter-8>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.

Additional Readings:

K. Millet, (1968) *Sexual Politics*, Available at <http://www.marxists.org/subject/women/authors/millett-kate/sexual-politics.htm>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.

N. Menon (2008) 'Gender', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 224-233

R. Hussain, (1988) 'Sultana's Dream', in *Sultana's Dream and Selections from the Secluded Ones – translated by Roushan Jahan*, New York: The Feminist Press

S. Ray 'Understanding Patriarchy', Available at http://www.du.ac.in/fileadmin/DU/Academics/course_material/hrge_06.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013.

S. de Beauvoir (1997) *Second Sex*, London: Vintage.

Saheli Women's Centre, (2007) *Talking Marriage, Caste and Community: Women's Voices from Within*, New Delhi: monograph

II. Movements and Issues

1. History of Women's Movement in India

Readings:

I. Agnihotri and V. Mazumdar, (1997) 'Changing the Terms of Political Discourse: Women's Movement in India, 1970s-1990s', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 30 (29), pp. 1869-1878.

R. Kapur, (2012) 'Hecklers to Power? The Waning of Liberal Rights and Challenges to Feminism in India', in A. Loomba *South Asian Feminisms*, Durham and London: Duke University Press, pp. 333-355

2. Violence against Women

Readings:

N. Menon, (2004) 'Sexual Violence: Escaping the Body', in *Recovering Subversion*, New Delhi: Permanent Black, pp. 106-165

3. Work and Labour

a. Visible and Invisible work

Readings:

P. Swaminathan, (2012) 'Introduction', in *Women and Work*, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan, pp.1-17

b. Reproductive and care work

Reading:

J. Tronto, (1996) 'Care as a Political Concept', in N. Hirschmann and C. Stephano, *Revisioning the Political*, Boulder: Westview Press, pp. 139-156

c. Sex work

Readings:

Darbar Mahila Samanwaya Committee, Kolkata (2011) 'Why the so-called Immoral Traffic (Preventive) Act of India Should be Repealed', in P. Kotiswaran, *Sex Work*, New Delhi, Women Unlimited, pp. 259-262

N. Jameela, (2011) 'Autobiography of a Sex Worker', in P. Kotiswaran, *Sex Work*, New Delhi: Women Unlimited, pp. 225-241

Additional Readings:

- C. Zetkin, 'Proletarian Woman', Available at <http://www.marxists.org/archive/zetkin/1896/10/women.htm>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.
- F. Engels, *Family, Private Property and State*, Available at <http://readingfromtheleft.com/PDF/EngelsOrigin.pdf>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.
- J. Ghosh, (2009) *Never Done and Poorly Paid: Women's Work in Globalising India*, Delhi: Women Unlimited
- Justice Verma Committee Report*, Available at <http://nlrd.org/womens-rightsinitiative/justice-verma-committee-report-download-full-report>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.
- N. Gandhi and N. Shah, (1992) *Issues at Stake – Theory and Practice in the Women's Movement*, New Delhi: Kali for Women.
- V. Bryson, (1992) *Feminist Political Theory*, London: Palgrave-MacMillan, pp. 175-180; 196-200.
- M. Mies, (1986) 'Colonisation and Housewifisation', in *Patriarchy and Accumulation on a World Scale* London: Zed, pp. 74-111, Available at <http://caringlabor.wordpress.com/2010/12/29/maria-mies-colonization-andhousewifization/>,
- R. Ghadially, (2007) *Urban Women in Contemporary India*, Delhi: Sage Publications.
- S. Brownmiller, (1975) *Against our Wills*, New York: Ballantine.
- Saheli Women's Centre (2001) 'Reproductive Health and Women's Rights, Sex Selection and feminist response' in S Arya, N. Menon, J. Lokneeta (eds), *Nariwadi Rajneeti*, Delhi, pp. 284-306.
- V. Bryson (2007) *Gender and the Politics of Time*, Bristol: Polity Press.

Understanding South Asia

Code: PLS-A-DSE-5-A(2)-TH+TU

Module I

I. South Asia- Understanding South Asia as a Region

- (a) Historical and Colonial Legacies
- (b) Geopolitics of South Asia

II. Politics and Governance

Regime types: democracy, authoritarianism, monarchy

- (b) Emerging constitutional practices: forms of government in India, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka and Pakistan

Module II

III. Socio-Economic Issues

- (a) Identity politics: challenges and impacts (case studies of India, Nepal, Sri Lanka)

IV. Regional Issues and Challenges

- (a) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC): problems and prospects
- (b) Terrorism: Political and Social Consequences in South Asia;
- (c) Refugee crisis.

Readings:

- Hewitt, V. (1992) 'Introduction', in *The International Politics of South Asia*. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp.1-10.
- Hewitt, V. (2010) 'International Politics of South Asia' in Brass, P. (ed.) *Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics*. London: Routledge, pp.399-418.
- Muni, S.D. (2003) 'South Asia as a Region', *South Asian Journal*, 1(1), August-September, pp.

Baxter, C. (ed.) (1986) *The Government and Politics of South Asia*. London: Oxford University Press, pp.376-394.

Baxter, C. (2010) 'Introduction', Brass, P. (ed.) *Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics*. London: Routledge, pp.1-24

II. Politics and Governance

De Silva, K.M. (2001) 'The Working of Democracy in South Asia', in Panandikar, V.A (ed.) *Problems of Governance in South Asia*. New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research & Konark Publishing House, pp. 46-88.

Wilson, J. (2003) 'Sri Lanka: Ethnic Strife and the Politics of Space', in Coakley, J. (ed.) *The Territorial Management of Ethnic Conflict*. Oregon: Frank Cass, pp. 173-193.

Mendis, D. (2008) 'South Asian Democracies in Transition', in Mendis, D. (ed.) *Electoral Processes and Governance in South Asia*. New Delhi: Sage, pp.15-52.

Subramanyam, K. (2001) 'Military and Governance in South Asia', in V.A (ed.) *Problems of Governance in South Asia*. New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research & Konark Publishing House, pp.201-208.

Hachethi, K. and Gellner, D.N. (2010) 'Nepal : Trajectories of Democracy and Restructuring of the State', in Brass, P. (ed.) *Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics*. London: Routledge, pp. 131-146.

Kukreja, V. 2011. 'Federalism in Pakistan', in Saxena R. (ed.) *Varieties of Federal Governance*. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 104-130.

Jha, N.K. (2008) 'Domestic Turbulence in Nepal: Origin, Dimensions and India's Policy Options', in Kukreja, V. and Singh, M.P. (eds.) *Democracy, Development and Discontent in South Asia*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 264-281.

Burki, S.J. (2010) 'Pakistan's Politics and its Economy', in Brass, P. (ed.) *Routledge Handbook of South Asian Politics*. London: Routledge, pp. 83-97.

Kaul, N. (2008) 'Bearing Better Witness in Bhutan', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 13 September, pp. 67-69.

III. Socio-Economic Issues

Phadnis, U. (1986) 'Ethnic Conflicts in South Asian States', in Muni, S.D. et.al. (eds.) *Domestic Conflicts in South Asia : Political, Economic and Ethnic Dimensions*. Vol. 2. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, pp.100-119.

Kukreja, V. (2003) *Contemporary Pakistan*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 75-111 and 112-153.

IV. Regional Issues and Challenges

Narayan, S. (2010) 'SAARC and South Asia Economic Integration', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) *Emerging dimensions of SAARC*. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 32-50.

Muni, S.D. and Jetley, R. (2010) 'SAARC prospects: the Changing Dimensions', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) *Emerging dimensions of SAARC*. New Delhi: Foundation Books, pp. 1-31.

Baral, L.R. (2006) 'Responding to Terrorism: Political and Social Consequences in South Asia', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) *Responding to terrorism in South Asia*. New Delhi: Manohar, pp.301-332.

Muni, S.D. (2006) 'Responding to Terrorism: An Overview', in Muni, S.D. (ed.) *Responding to terrorism in South Asia*. New Delhi: Manohar, pp.453-469.

Hoyt, T.D. (2005) 'The War on Terrorism: Implications for South Asia', in Hagerty, D.T. (ed.) *South Asia in World Politics*. Lanham: Roman and Littlefield Publishers, pp.281-295.

Lama, M. (2003) 'Poverty, Migration and Conflict: Challenges to Human Security in South Asia', in Chari, P.R. and Gupta, S. (eds.) *Human Security in South Asia: Gender, Energy, Migration and Globalisation*. New Delhi: Social Science Press, pp. 124-144

Acharya, J. and Bose, T.K. (2001) 'The New Search for a Durable Solution for Refugees: South Asia', in Samaddar, S. and Reifeld, H. (eds.) *Peace as Process: Reconciliation and Conflict Resolution in South Asia*. New Delhi: Vedams, pp-137-157

Additional Readings

- Baxter, C. (ed.) (1986) *The Government and Politics of South Asia*. London: Oxford University Press.
- Rizvi, G. (1993) *South Asia in a Changing International Order*. New Delhi: Sage.
- Thakur, R. and Wiggin, O.(ed.) (2005) *South Asia and the world*. New Delhi: Bookwell.
- Hagerty, D.T.(ed.) (2005) *South Asia in World Politics*, Oxford: Rowman and Littlefield.
- Samaddar, R. (2002) 'Protecting the Victims of Forced Migration: Mixed Flows and Massive Flows', in Makenkemp, M. Tongern, P.V. and Van De Veen, H. (eds.) *Searching for Peace in Central and South Asia*. London: Lynne Rienner.
- Kukreja, V. and Singh, M.P. (eds) (2008) *Democracy, Development and Discontent in SouthAsia*. New Delhi: Sage.

Indian Foreign Policy in a Globalising World

Code: PLS-A-DSE-5-B (1)-TH+TU

Module I

1. India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power
2. India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia
3. India's Engagements with China

Module II

4. India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies
5. India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes
6. India in the Contemporary Multipolar World

Readings:

- I. India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power
- S. Ganguly and M. Pardesi, (2009) 'Explaining Sixty Years of India's Foreign Policy', in *India Review*, Vol. 8 (1), pp. 4–19.
- Ch. Ogden, (2011) 'International 'Aspirations' of a Rising Power', in David Scott (ed.), *Handbook of India's International Relations*, London: Routledge, pp.3-31
- W. Anderson, (2011) 'Domestic Roots of Indian Foreign Policy', in W. Anderson, *Trusts with Democracy: Political Practice in South Asia*, Anthem Press: University Publishing Online.
- J. Bandhopadhyaya, (1970) *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- II: India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia
- S. Mehrotra, (1990) 'Indo-Soviet Economic Relations: Geopolitical and Ideological Factors', in *India and the Soviet Union: Trade and Technology Transfer*, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge, pp. 8-28.
- R. Hathaway, (2003) 'The US-India Courtship: From Clinton to Bush', in S. Ganguly (ed.), *India as an Emerging Power*, Frank Cass: Portland.
- A. Singh, (1995) 'India's Relations with Russia and Central Asia', in *International Affairs*, Vol. 71 (1): 69-81.
- M. Zafar, (1984), 'Chapter 1', in *India and the Superpowers: India's Political Relations with the Superpowers in the 1970s*, Dhaka, University Press.
- H. Pant, (2008) 'The U.S.-India Entente: From Estrangement to Engagement', in H. Pant, *Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy: India Negotiates Its Rise in the International System*, Palgrave Macmillan: London.
- D. Mistry, (2006) 'Diplomacy, Domestic Politics, and the U.S.-India Nuclear Agreement', in *Asian Survey*, Vol. 46 (5), pp. 675-698.

- III: India's Engagements with China

H. Pant, (2011) 'India's Relations with China', in D. Scott (ed.), Handbook of India's International Relations, London: Routledge, pp. 233-242.

A. Tellis and S. Mirski, (2013) 'Introduction', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.

S. Raghavan, (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: India's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.

Li Li, (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: China's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington. IV: India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies

S. Muni, (2003) 'Problem Areas in India's Neighbourhood Policy', in South Asian Survey, Vol. 10 (2), pp. 185-196.

S. Cohen, (2002) India: Emerging Power, Brookings Institution Press. V. Sood, (2009) 'India and regional security interests', in Alyssa Ayres and C. Raja Mohan (eds), Power realignments in Asia: China, India, and the United States, New Delhi: Sage.

M. Pardesi, (2005) 'Deducing India's Grand Strategy of Regional Hegemony from Historical and Conceptual Perspectives', IDSS Working Paper, 76,

D. Scott, (2009) 'India's "Extended Neighbourhood" Concept: Power Projection for a Rising Power', in India Review, Vol. 8 (2), pp. 107-143 112

V: India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes

S. Cohen, (2002) 'The World View of India's Strategic Elite', in S. Cohen, India: Emerging Power, Brookings Institution Press, pp. 36-65.

A. Narlikar, (2007) 'All that Glitters is not Gold: India's Rise to Power', in Third World Quarterly, Vol. 28 (5) pp. 983 – 996.

N. Dubash, (2012) 'The Politics of Climate Change in India: Narratives of Enquiry and Cobenefits', Working Paper, New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research. N. Jayaprakash, (2000) 'Nuclear Disarmament and India', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 35 (7), pp. 525-533.

P. Bidwai, (2005) 'A Deplorable Nuclear Bargain', in Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. 40 (31), pp. 3362-3364.

A. Anant, (2011) 'India and International Terrorism', in D. Scott (ed.), Handbook of India's International Relations, London: Routledge, pp. 266-277.

VI: India in the Contemporary Multipolar World

R. Rajgopalan and V. Sahni (2008), 'India and the Great Powers: Strategic Imperatives, Normative Necessities', in South Asian Survey, Vol. 15 (1), pp. 5–32.

C. Mohan, (2013) 'Changing Global Order: India's Perspective', in A. Tellis and S. Mirski (eds.), Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.

A. Narlikar, (2006) 'Peculiar Chauvinism or Strategic Calculation? Explaining the Negotiating Strategy of a Rising India', in International Affairs, Vol. 82 (1), pp. 59-76.

P. Mehta, (2009) 'Still Under Nehru's Shadow? The Absence of Foreign Policy Frameworks in India', in India Review, Vol. 8 (3), pp. 209–233.

Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India

Code: PLS-A-DSE-5-B(2)-TH+TU

Module I

I. Development Process since Independence

a. State and planning

b. Liberalization and reforms

II. Industrial Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure

- a. Mixed economy, privatization, the impact on organized and unorganized labour
- b. Emergence of the new middle class
- III. Agrarian Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure
 - a. Land Reforms, Green Revolution
 - b. Agrarian crisis since the 1990s and its impact on farmers

Module II

IV. Social Movements

Social movements and New Social movements

Approaches to the study of social movements: Marxist theory, Gandhian theory, Resource Mobilisation theory, Relative Deprivation theory

V. Globalisation and Social Movements in India (18classes)

Environmental movements

Tribal movements

Women's movements

Civil rights movements

Readings:

I. The Development Process since Independence

A. Mozoomdar, (1994) 'The Rise and Decline of Development Planning in India', in T. Byres(ed.) *The State and Development Planning in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 73-108.

A. Varshney, (2010) 'Mass Politics or Elite Politics? Understanding the Politics of India's Economic Reforms' in R. Mukherji (ed.) *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 146-169.

P. Chatterjee, (2000) 'Development Planning and the Indian State', in Zoya Hasan (ed.), *Politics and the State in India*, New Delhi: Sage, pp.116-140.

P. Patnaik and C. Chandrasekhar, (2007) 'India: Dirigisme, Structural Adjustment, and the Radical Alternative', in B. Nayar (ed.), *Globalization and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 218-240.

P. Bardhan, (2005) 'Epilogue on the Political Economy of Reform in India', in *The Political Economy of Development in India*. 6th impression, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

T. Singh, (1979) 'The Planning Process and Public Process: a Reassessment', *R. R. Kale Memorial Lecture*, Pune: Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics.

II. Industrial development strategy and its impact on social structure

Readings:

A. Aggarwal, (2006) 'Special Economic Zones: Revisiting the Policy Debate', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI (43-44), pp.4533-36.

B. Nayar (1989) *India's Mixed Economy: The Role of Ideology and its Development*, Bombay: Popular Prakashan.

F. Frankel, (2005) 'Crisis of National Economic Planning', in *India's Political Economy (1947-2004): The Gradual Revolution*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 93-340.

L. Fernandes, (2007) *India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Economic Reform*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

S. Shyam, (2003) 'Organizing the Unorganized', in *Seminar*, [Footloose Labour: A Symposium on Livelihood Struggles of the Informal Workforce, 531] pp. 47-53.

S. Chowdhury, (2007) 'Globalization and Labour', in B. Nayar (ed.) *Globalization and Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.516-526.

V. Chibber, (2005) 'From Class Compromise to Class Accommodation: Labor's Incorporation into the Indian Political Economy' in R. Ray, and M.F. Katzenstein (eds.) *Social Movements in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp 32-60.

III. Agrarian development strategy and its impact on social structure

Readings:

- A. Desai, (ed.), (1986) *Agrarian Struggles in India after Independence*, Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. xi-xxxvi.
- F. Frankel, (1971) *India's Green Revolution: Economic Gains and Political Costs*, Princeton and New Jersey: Princeton University Press.
- F. Frankel, (2009) *Harvesting Despair: Agrarian Crisis in India*, Delhi: Perspectives, pp. 161-169.
- J. Harriss, (2006) 'Local Power and the Agrarian Political Economy' in Harriss, J. (ed) *Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in India*, Delhi. Oxford University Press, pp. 29-32.
- K. Suri, (2006) 'Political economy of Agrarian Distress', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI (16) pp. 1523-1529.
- P. Joshi, (1979) *Land Reforms in India: Trends and Perspectives*, New Delhi: Allied publishers.
- P. Appu, (1974) 'Agrarian Structure and Rural Development', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, IX (39), pp. 70 – 75.
- P. Sainath, (2010) 'Agrarian Crisis and Farmers', Suicide', *Occasional Publication 22*, New Delhi: India International Centre (IIC).
- M. Sidhu, (2010) 'Globalisation vis-à-vis Agrarian Crisis in India', in R. Deshpande and S. Arora, (eds.) *Agrarian Crises and Farmer Suicides (Land Reforms in India Series)*, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 149-174.
- V. Sridhar, (2006) 'Why Do Farmers Commit Suicide? The Case Study of Andhra Pradesh', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XLI (16).

IV. Social Movements

- G. Shah, (ed.), (2002) *Social Movements and the State*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- R. Singh (2001), *Social Movements, Old and New: A Post-Modernist Critique*, New Delhi: Sage
- P. Wignaraja (ed.), (1993), *New Social Movements in the South: Empowering the People*, New Delhi: Vistar
- V. Globalisation and Social Movements in India

Readings:

- G. Haragopal, and K. Balagopal, (1998) 'Civil Liberties Movement and the State in India', in M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O. Tornquist, (eds.) *People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World* New Delhi: Sage, pp. 353-371.
- M. Mohanty, (2002) 'The Changing Definition of Rights in India', in S. Patel, J. Bagchi, and K. Raj (eds.) *Thinking Social Sciences in India: Essays in Honour of Alice Thorner Patel*, New Delhi: Sage.
- G. Omvedt, (2012) 'The Anti-caste Movement and the Discourse of Power', in N. Jayal (ed.) *Democracy in India*, New Delhi: Oxford India Paperbacks, sixth impression, pp. 481-508.
- P. Ramana, (2011) 'India's Maoist Insurgency: Evolution, Current Trends and Responses', in M. Kugelman (ed.) *India's Contemporary Security Challenges*, Woodrow Wilson International Centre for Scholars Asia Programme, Washington D.C., pp. 29-47.
- A. Ray, (1996) 'Civil Rights Movement and Social Struggle in India', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, XXI (28). pp. 1202-1205.
- A. Roy, (2010) 'The Women's Movement', in N. Jayal and P. Mehta (eds.) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 409-422.
- N. Sundar, (2011) 'At War with Oneself: Constructing Naxalism as India's Biggest Security Threat', in M. Kugelman (ed.) *India's Contemporary Security Challenges*, Woodrow Wilson International Centre for Scholars Asia Programme, Washington D.C., pp. 46-68.
- M. Weiner, (2001) 'The Struggle for Equality: Caste in Indian Politics', in A. Kohli. (ed.) *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge: CUP, pp. 193-225.

S. Sinha, (2002) 'Tribal Solidarity Movements in India: A Review', in G. Shah. (ed.) *Social Movements and the State*, New Delhi: Sage, pp. 251-266.

Additional Readings:

- S. Banerjee, (1986) 'Naxalbari in Desai', in A.R. (ed.) *Agrarian Struggles in India After Independence*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.566-588.
- B. Nayar, (ed.), (2007) *Globalization and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press. S. Roy and K. Debal, (2004) *Peasant Movements in Post-Colonial India: Dynamics of Mobilization and Identity*, Delhi: Sage.
- G. Omvedt, (1983) *Reinventing Revolution, New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India*, New York: Sharpe.
- G. Shah, (ed.), (2002) *Social Movements and the State*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- G. Shah, (2004) *Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- G. Rath, (ed.), (2006) *Tribal development in India: The Contemporary Debate*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- J. Harris, (2009) *Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in India*. Delhi: Oxford University press.
- K. Suresh, (ed.), (1982) *Tribal Movements in India*, Vol I and II, New Delhi: Manohar (emphasis on the introductory chapter).
- M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O. Tornquist, (1998) *People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- M. Rao, (ed.), (1978) *Social Movements in India*, Vol. 2, Delhi: Manohar.
- N. Jayal, and P. Mehta, (eds.), (2010) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- P. Bardhan, (2005) *The Political Economy of Development in India*, 6th impression, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- R. Mukherji, (ed.), (2007) *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- R. Ray and M. Katzenstein, (eds.), (2005) *Social Movements in India*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- S. Chakravarty, (1987) *Development Planning: The Indian Experience*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Public Policy in India

Code: PLS-A-DSE-6-A(3)-TH+TU

Module I

1. Introduction to Policy Analysis
2. The Analysis of Policy vis-à-vis the Theories of State

Module II

3. Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movements.
4. Ideology and Policy: Nehruvian Vision, Economic Liberalisation and recent developments

Readings:

- I Introduction to Policy Analysis
- Jenkins, B. (1997) 'Policy Analysis: Models and Approaches' in Hill, M. (1997) *The Policy Process: A Reader* (2nd Edition). London: Prentice Hall, pp. 30-40.
- Dye, T.R. (2002) *Understanding Public Policy*. Tenth Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp.1-9, 32-56 and 312-329.
- Sapru, R.K. (1996) *Public Policy : Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, pp. 26-46.
- Wildavsky, A. (2004), 'Rescuing Policy Analysis from PPBS' in Shafritz, J.M. & Hyde, A.C. (eds.) *Classics of Public Administration*. 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth, pp.271-284.

II. The Analysis of Policy in the Context of Theories of State

- Dunleavy, P. and O'Leary, B. (1987) *Theories of the State*. London: Routledge.

McClennan, G. (1997) 'The Evolution of Pluralist Theory' in Hill, M. (ed.) *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 53-61.
Simmie, J. & King, R. (eds.) (1990) *The State in Action: Public Policy and Politics*. London: Printer Publication, pp. 3-21 and 171-184.
Skocpol, T. et al (eds.) (1985) *Bringing the State Back In*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 3-43 and 343-366.
Dye, T.R. (2002) *Understanding Public Policy*. 10th Edition. Delhi: Pearson, pp. 11-31.

III. Political Economy and Policy: Interest Groups and Social Movements.

Lukes, S. (1986) *Power*. Basil: Oxford, pp. 28-36.
Lukes, S. (1997) 'Three Distinctive Views of Power Compared', in Hill, M. (ed.), *The Policy Process: A Reader*. 2nd Edition. London: Prentice Hall, pp. 45-52.
Giddens, A. (1998) *The Third Way: The Renewal of Social Democracy*. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 27-64 and 99-118.

IV. Ideology and Policy: Nehruvian Vision, Economic Liberalisation and recent developments

Basu Rumki (2015) *Public Administration in India Handates, Performance and Future Perspectives*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers
Self, P. (1993) *Government by the Market? The Politics of Public Choice*. Basingstoke: MacMillan, pp. 1-20, 70-105, 113-146, 198-231 and 262-277.
Girden, E.J. (1987) 'Economic Liberalisation in India: The New Electronics Policy' in *Asian Survey*. California University Press. Volume 27, No. 11. Available at www.jstor.org/stable/2644722.

Understanding Global Politics

Code: PLS-A-DSE-6-A(4)-TH+TU

Module I

I. What Makes the World What it is

a. The Sovereign State System

i Evolution of the state system

ii The concept of Sovereignty

b. The Global Economy

i Discussing the Bretton Woods Institutions and WTO

ii Ideological underpinnings

iii Transnational Economic Actors

c. Identity and Culture

ii. What Drives the World Apart

a. Global Inequalities

b. Violence: Conflict, War and Terrorism

III. Why We Need to Bring the World Together

a. Global Environment b. Global Civil Society

Readings:

I. What Makes the World What it is? a. The Sovereign State System

S. Elden, (2009) 'Why Is The World Divided Territorially?', in J. Edkins and M. Zehfuss (eds.) *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 192-219.

M. Shapiro, (2009) 'How Does The Nation- State Work?', in J. Edkins and M. Zehfuss (eds.) *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 220-243.

R. Mansbach and K. Taylor, (2012) 'The Evolution of the Interstate System and Alternative Global Political Systems', *Introduction to Global Politics*, 2nd edition, New York: Routledge, pp. 34-68.

D. Armstrong, (2008) 'The Evolution of International Society', in J. Baylis, S. Smith, and P. Owens (ed.) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 36-52.

N. Inayatullah and D. Blaney, (2012) 'Sovereignty' in B. Chimni and S. Mallavarapu (ed.) *International Relations: Perspectives For the Global South*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 124-134.

b. The Global Economy

Readings:

V. Peterson, (2009) 'How Is The World Organized Economically?', in J. Edkins and M. Zehfuss (eds.) *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 271- 293.

Bourke, (2009) 'Why Does Politics Turn Into Violence?', in J. Edkins And M. Zehfuss (eds.), *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 370-396.

Bajpai, (2012) 'Global Terrorism', in B. Chimni and S. Mallavarapu (ed.), *International Relations: Perspectives For the Global South*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 312-327.

R. Mansbach, and K. Taylor, (2012) 'The Causes of War and the Changing Nature Of Global Politics', in *Introduction to Global Politics*, 2nd edition, New York: Routledge, pp. 248-283.

R. Collin and P. Martin, 'Kinds Of Conflict: The World When Things Go Wrong', in *An Introduction To World Politics: Conflict And Consensus On A Small Planet*, London: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, pp. 267-425.

III. Why We Need to Bring the World Together? a. Global Environment

Readings:

S. Dalby, (2009) 'What Happens If We Do not Think In Human Terms?', in J. Edkins and M. Zehfuss (eds.), *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 45-69.

R. Collin and P. Martin, (2013) 'The Greening of A Blue Planet', in *An Introduction To World Politics: Conflict And Consensus On A Small Planet*, Maryland: The Rowman & Littlefield Publication Group, pp. 527-570.

A. Heywood, (2011) 'Global Environmental Issues', in *Global Politics*, London: Palgrave, 2011, pp. 383-411.

N. Carter, (2007) *The Politics of Environment: Ideas, Activism, Policy*, 2nd edition, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp 13-81.

b. Global Civil Society

Readings:

Zehfuss, (2009) 'What Can We Do To Change The World?', in J. Edkins and M. Zehfuss (eds.), *Global Politics: A New Introduction*, New York: Routledge, pp. 483-501.

N. Chandhoke, (2011) 'The Limits of Global Civil Society,' Available at www.gcsknowledgebase.org/wp-content/uploads/2002chapter2.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013.

K. Mingst and J. Snyder (eds.), (2011) 'Transnational Issues', in *Essential Readings In World Politics*, 4th Edition, New York: W. W. Norton And Company, pp. 574-626.

M. Keck and K. Sikkink, (2007) 'Transnational Activist Networks,' in Robert J. Art and R. Jervis (eds.) *International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues*, 8th Edition, London: Pearson, pp. 532-538.

M. Naim, (2007) 'The Five Wars Of Globalization', in R. Art and R. Jervis (eds.) *International Politics: Enduring Concepts And Contemporary Issues*, 8th Edition, London: Pearson, pp. 558-566.

S. Mallaby, (2007) 'NGOs: Fighting Poverty, Hurting the Poor', in R. Art and R. Jervis (eds.)

International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, 8th edition, New York: Pearson, pp. 539-545.

G. Lexter and S. Halperin (eds.), (2003) *Global Civil Society and Its Limits*, New York: Palgrave, pp. 1-21.

Citizenship in a Globalising World

Code: PLS-A-DSE-6-B(3)-TH+TU

This course will explore theories of citizenship, the historical development of the concept and its practice of in an increasingly globalizing world.

Module I

1. Classical conceptions of citizenship
2. The Evolution of Citizenship and the Modern State

Module II

3. Citizenship and Diversity
4. Citizenship beyond the Nation-state: Globalization and global justice
5. The idea of cosmopolitan citizenship

Essential Readings

- Acharya, Ashok. (2012) *Citizenship in a Globalising World*. New Delhi: Pearson.
- Beiner, R. (1995) *Theorising Citizenship*. Albany: State University of New York Press.
- Held, David (1995), *Democracy and the Global Order: From the Modern State to Cosmopolitan Governance* (Stanford: Stanford University Press).
- Kymlicka, Will (1999), "Citizenship in an Era of Globalization: A Response to Held," in Ian Shapiro and Casiano Hacker-Cordon (eds.), *Democracy's Edges* (Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press).
- Oliver, D. and D. Heater (1994). *The Foundations of Citizenship*. London, Harvester Wheatsheaf.
- Scholte, Jan Aart (2000), *Globalization: A Critical Introduction* (New York: St. Martin's).
- Zolo, Danilo (1997), *Cosmopolis: Prospects for World Government* (Cambridge, UK: Polity Press).

Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective

Code: PLS-A-DSE-6-B(4)-TH+TU

Module I

Human Rights: Theory and Institutionalization

Understanding Human Rights: Three Generations of Rights
Institutionalization: Universal Declaration of Human Rights
Rights in National Constitutions: South Africa and India

Issues:

Torture: USA and India; Surveillance and Censorship: China and India; Terrorism and Insecurity of Minorities: USA and India

Module II

Structural Violence:

Caste and Race: South Africa and India

Gender and Violence: India and Pakistan
Adivasis/Aboriginals and the Land Question: Australia and India

READING LIST

Human Rights: Theory and Institutionalization

Essential Readings:

I. Hoffman and P. Graham, (2006) 'Human Rights', *Introduction to Political Theory*, Delhi, Pearson, pp. 436-458.

SAHRDC (2006) 'Introduction to Human Rights'; 'Classification of Human Rights: An Overview of the First, Second, and Third Generational Rights', in *Introducing Human Rights*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Chapter 2: Bill of Rights.

The Constitution of India, Chapter 3: Fundamental Rights

Issues

Torture: USA and India

Essential Readings:

M. Lippman, (1979) 'The Protection of Universal Human Rights: The Problem of Torture' *Universal Human Rights*, Vol. 1(4), pp. 25-55

J. Lokaneeta, (2011) 'Torture in the TV Show 24: Circulation of Meanings'; 'Jurisprudence on Torture and Interrogations in India', in *Transnational Torture Law, Violence, and State Power in the United States and India*, Delhi: Orient Blackswan,

D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Torture', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp. 164-197.

Surveillance and Censorship: China and India

Essential Readings:

D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Censorship', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp. 106-138.

D. Lyon, (2008) Surveillance Society, Talk for Festival del Diritto, Piacenza, Italia, September 28, pp.1-7.

Fu Hualing, (2012) 'Politicized Challenges, Depoliticized Responses: Political Monitoring in China's Transitions', paper presented at a conference on States of Surveillance: Counter-Terrorism and Comparative Constitutionalism, at the University of New South Wales, Sydney, 13-14 December.

U. Singh, (2012) 'Surveillance Regimes in India', paper presented at a conference on States of Surveillance: Counter-Terrorism and Comparative Constitutionalism, at the University of New South Wales, Sydney, 13-14 December.

Terrorism and Insecurity of Minorities: USA and India

Essential Readings:

E. Scarry, (2010) 'Resolving to Resist', in *Rule of Law, Misrule of Men*, Cambridge: Boston Review Books, MIT, pp.1-53.

M. Ahmad, (2002) 'Homeland Insecurities: Racial Violence the Day after September 11', *Social Text*, 72, Vol. 20(3), pp. 101-116.

U. Singh, (2007) 'The Unfolding of Extraordinariness: POTA and the Construction of Suspect Communities', in *The State, Democracy and Anti-terror Laws in India*, Delhi: Sage Publications, pp.165-219

Structural Conflicts

Caste and Race: South Africa and India

Essential Readings:

A. Pinto, (2001) 'UN Conference against Racism: Is Caste Race?', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 36(30)

D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Apartheid', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson, pp. 241-262.

R. Wasserstorm, (2006), 'Racism, Sexism, and Preferential Treatment: An approach to the Topics', in R.

Goodin and P. Pettit, *Contemporary Political Philosophy: an Anthology*, Oxford: Blackwell, pp-549-574
R. Wolfrum, (1998) 'Discrimination, Xenophobia and Racism' in J. Symonides, *Human Rights: New Dimensions and Challenges*, Aldershot, Ashgate/UNESCO, pp.181-198.

Gender and Violence: India and Pakistan

Essential Readings:

A. Khan and R. Hussain, (2008), 'Violence Against Women in Pakistan: Perceptions and Experiences of Domestic Violence', *Asian Studies Review*, Vol. 32, pp. 239 – 253

K. Kannabiran (2012) 'Rethinking the Constitutional Category of Sex', in *Tools of Justice: Non-Discrimination and the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi, Routledge, pp.425-443

Adivasis/Aboriginals and the Land Question: Australia and India

Essential Readings:

H. Goodall, (2011) 'International Indigenous Community Study: Adivasi Indigenous People in India', in A. Cadzow and J. Maynard (eds.), *Aboriginal Studies*, Melbourne: Nelson Cengage Learning, pp.254-259.

K. Kannabiran, (2012) 'Adivasi Homelands and the Question of Liberty', in *Tools of Justice: Non-Discrimination and the Indian Constitution*, New Delhi: Routledge, pp.242-271.

N. Watson (2011) 'Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Identities' in A. Cadzow and J. Maynard (eds.), *Aboriginal Studies*, Melbourne: Nelson Cengage Learning, pp.43-52.

W. Fernandes (2008) 'India's Forced Displacement Policy and Practice. Is Compensation up to its Functions?', in M. Cernea and H. Mathus (eds), *Can Compensation Prevent Impoverishment? Reforming Resettlement through Investments and Benefit-Sharing*, pp.181-207, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Additional Readings:

A. Laws and V. Iacopino, (2002) 'Police Torture in Punjab, India: An Extended Survey', in *Health and Human Rights*, Vol. 6(1), pp. 195-210

D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Theorizing Human Rights', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi, Pearson, pp.26-70.

J. Morsink, (1999) *The Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Origins, Drafting and Intent*, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, pp. ix-xiv

J. Nickel, (1987) *Making Sense of Human Rights: Philosophical Reflections on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights*, Berkeley: University of California Press.

J. Goldman, (2005) 'Of Treaties and Torture: How the Supreme Court Can Restrain the Executive', in *Duke Law Journal*, Vol. 55(3), pp. 609-640.

J. Tsutsui and C. Wotipka, (2004) Global Civil Society and the International Human Rights Movement: Citizen Participation in Human Rights International Nongovernmental Organizations, in *Social Forces*, Vol. 83(2), pp. 587-620.

J. Rabben, (2001) Amnesty International: Myth and Reality, in *Agni*, No. 54, Amnesty International Fortieth Anniversary pp. 8-28

K. Mohanty, (2010) 'In Pursuit of People's Rights: An Introduction', in M. Mohanty et al., *Weapon of the Oppressed: Inventory of People's Rights in India*, New Delhi: Danish Books, pp.1-11

M. Cranston, (1973) *What are Human Rights?* New York: Taplinger

M. Ishay, (2004) *The History of Human Rights: From Ancient Times to the Globalization Era*, Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

R. Sharan, (2009) 'Alienation and Restoration of Tribal Land in Jharkhand in N Sundar (ed.) *Legal Grounds*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 82-112

Text of UDHR available at <http://www.un.org/en/documents/udhr/index.shtml>

U. Baxi, (1989) 'From Human Rights to the Right to be Human: Some Heresies', in S. Kothari and H. Sethi (eds.), *Rethinking Human Rights*, Delhi: Lokayan, pp.181-166.

Skill Enhancement Courses

Democratic Awareness through Legal Literacy

Code: PLS-A-SEC-3-A(1)-TH

Module I

1. Laws relating to Criminal jurisdiction-provisions relating to filing an FIR, arrest, bail, search and seizure and some understanding of the questions of evidence and procedure in the Criminal Procedure Code.
2. Offences under IPC.
3. India: Personal laws. Customary Laws
4. Laws relating to Dowry, sexual harassment and violence against women.

Module II

5. Laws relating to consumer rights.
6. Right to Information.
7. Laws relating to Cybercrimes.
8. Anti-terrorist laws: Implications for security and human rights.

Readings:

Pandey, (2008) 'Laws Relating to Criminal Justice: Challenges and Prospects', in K. Sankaran and U. Singh, *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.61-77. SAHRDC, (2006) 'Reporting a Crime: First Information Report', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India - The system and Procedure*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.16-26.

SAHRDC, (2006) 'Bail', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India - The system and Procedure*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.59-71.

SAHRDC, (2006) 'Detention', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India - The system and Procedure*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.72-84.

P. Mathew, (2003) *Your Rights if you are Arrested*, New Delhi. Indian Social Institute.

P. Mathew, (2002) *The Law on Atrocities Against Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes*, New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

K. Saxena, (2011) 'Dalits', in M. Mohanty et al., *Weapon of the Oppressed, Inventory of People's Rights in India*. Delhi: Danish Books, Pp.15-38

K. Saxena, (2011) 'Adivasis', in M. Mohanty et al., *Weapon of the Oppressed, Inventory of People's Rights in India*, Delhi: Danish Books, Pp.39-65.

S. Durrany, (2006) *The Protection of Women From Domestic Violence Act 2005*, New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

V. Kumari, (2008) 'Offences against Women', in K, Sankaran and U. Singh (eds.) *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

P. D. Mathew (2004) *The Measure to Prevent Sexual Harassment of Women in Work Place*. New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

D. Srivastva, (2007) 'Sexual Harassment and Violence against Women in India: Constitutional and Legal Perspectives', in C. Kumar and K. Chockalingam (eds) *Human Rights, Justice, and Constitutional Empowerment*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

S. Naib, (2013) 'Right to Information Act 2005', in *The Right to Information in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, Available at

http://www.humanrightsinitiative.org/publications/rti/guide_to_use_rti_act_2005_English2012_light_Aspire.pdf.

Bare Acts:

Consumer Protection Act, 1986, Available at

http://chdlsa.gov.in/right_menu/act/pdf/consumer.pdf.

Criminal law Amendment Act, 2013, Available at

http://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/2013/E_17_2013_212.pdf , Accessed: 10.04.2013.

Protection of Women Against Domestic Violence Act, 2005, Available at

<http://wcd.nic.in/wdvact.pdf>.

Right to Information Act, 2005, Available at <http://righttoinformation.gov.in/rti-act.pdf>.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989, Available at

<http://tribal.nic.in/writereaddata/linkimages/poaact989E4227472861.pdf>.

Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act 2006, Available at <http://tribal.gov.in/writereaddata/mainlinkFile/File1033.pdf>.

The Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights, Full Participation) Act, 1995, Available at

http://bhind.nic.in/Sparsh_disability%20act%201995.pdf.

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009, Available at

<http://www.delta.org.in/form/rte.pdf>.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Bill, 2012, Available at

http://164.100.24.219/BillsTexts/LSBillTexts/PassedLoksabha/144C_2010_LS_Eng.pdf.

Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013, Available at

mha.nic.in/pdfs/TheCrimnalLaw030413.pdf File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat – Quick View.

Understanding the Legal System

Code: PLS-A-SEC-3-A(2)-TH

Module I

- 1) Outline of the legal system in India
- 2) System of Courts/tribunals and their jurisdiction in India-Criminal and civil courts, writ jurisdiction.
- 3) Specialized Courts such as juvenile courts, mahila courts and tribunals.

Module II

- 4) Role of the police and executive in criminal law administration.
- 5) Alternate dispute mechanisms such as Lok Adalats, non-formal mechanisms.

Readings:

Creating Legal Awareness, edited by Kamala Sankaran and Ujjwal Singh (Delhi: OUP, 2007)

S..K. Agarwala, *Public Interest Litigation in India*, K.M. Munshi Memorial Lecture, Second Series, Indian Law Institute, Delhi, 1985.

Asha Bajpai, *Child Rights in India : Law, Policy, and Practice*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003

B.L. Wadhwa, *Public Interest Litigation - A Handbook*, Universal, Delhi, 2003.

P.C. Rao and William Sheffiled *Alternate Dispute Resolution: What it is and How it Works*, Universal Law Books and Publishers, Delhi, 2002

V.N. Shukla's *Constitution of India* by Mahendra P. Singh, Eastern Book Co. 10th edition.

Parmanand Singh, 'Access to Justice and the Indian Supreme Court', 10 & 11 Delhi Law Review 156, 1981-82.

J. Kothari, (2005) 'Criminal Law on Domestic Violence', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 40(46), pp. 4843-4849.

H. Mander, and A. Joshi, *The Movement for Right to Information in India, People's Power for the Control of Corruption*. Available at <http://www.rtigemway.org.in/Documents/References/English/Reports/12.%20An%20article%20on%20RTI%20by%20Harrsh%20Mander.pdf>.

P. Mathew, and P. Bakshi, (2005) '*Indian Legal System*', New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

P. Mathew, and P. Bakshi, (2005) '*Women and the Constitution*', New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

N. Menon, (2012) 'Sexual Violence', in *Seeing Like a Feminist* New Delhi: Zubaan and Penguin, pp. 113-146.

M, Mohanty et al. (2011) *Weapon of the Oppressed, Inventory of People's Rights in India*. Delhi: Danish Books.

Centre for Good Governance, (2008) *Right to Information Act, 2005: A Citizen's Guide*, Available at <http://www.rtigemway.org.in/Documents/Publications/A%20CITIZEN'S%20GUIDE.pdf>,

Pandey, (2004) *Rights of the Consumer*. New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

Pandey, (2008) 'Laws Relating to Criminal Justice: Challenges and Prospects', in K. Sankaran and U. Singh, *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.61-77.

SAHRDC, (2006) 'Reporting a Crime: First Information Report', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India- The system and Procedure*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.16-26.

SAHRDC, (2006) 'Bail', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India- The system and Procedure*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.59-71.

SAHRDC, (2006) 'Detention', in *Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India- The system and Procedure*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, Pp.72-84.

P. Mathew, (2003) *Your Rights if you are Arrested*, New Delhi. Indian Social Institute

Legislative Practices and Procedures

Code: PLS-A-SEC-4-B(1)-TH

Module I

- 1) Members of Parliament: Powers and Privileges-Constituency Work.
- 2) State legislative Assemblies: Powers and functions.
- 3) Functionaries of rural and urban local self-government from Zila Parishad, Municipal Corporation to Panchayat/ Ward.

Module II

- 4) How a bill becomes a law, role of standing committees in reviewing a bill, legislative consultants, the framing of rules and regulations.
- 5) Types of committees.
- 6) Role of committees in reviewing government finances, policy, programmes and legislation.
- 7) Powers and functions of people's representative at different tiers of governance

Readings:

M. Madhavan, and N. Wahi, (2008) *Financing of Election Campaigns* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at: http://www.prsindia.org/uploads/media/conference/Campaign_finance_brief.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013 S.

Vanka, (2008) Primer on MPLADS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at <http://www.prsindia.org/parliamenttrack/primers/mplads-487/>, Accessed: 19.04.2013
H. Kalra, (2011) Public Engagement with the Legislative Process PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at: <http://www.prsindia.org/administrator/uploads/media/Conference%202011/Public%20Engagement%20with%20the%20Legislative%20Process.pdf>, Accessed: 19.04.2013.
Government of India (Lok Sabha Secretariat), (2009) Parliamentary Procedures (Abstract Series), Available at <http://164.100.47.132/LssNew/abstract/index.aspx>, Accessed: 19.04.2013

The legislative process

Readings:

Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs), (2009) Legislation, Parliamentary Procedure, Available at http://mpa.nic.in/Manual/Manual_English/Chapter/chapter-09.htm, Accessed: 19.04.2013
Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs) (2009), Subordinate Legislation, Parliamentary Procedure, Available at: http://mpa.nic.in/Manual/Manual_English/Chapter/chapter-11.htm Accessed: 19.04.2013
D. Kapur and P. Mehta, (2006) 'The Indian Parliament as an Institution of Accountability', Democracy, Governance and Human Rights, Programme Paper Number 23, United Nations Research Institute for Social Development, Available at: [http://www.unrisd.org/UNRISD/website/document.nsf/240da49ca467a53f80256b4f005ef245/8e6fc72d6b546696c1257123002fcceb/\\$FILE/KapMeht.pdf](http://www.unrisd.org/UNRISD/website/document.nsf/240da49ca467a53f80256b4f005ef245/8e6fc72d6b546696c1257123002fcceb/$FILE/KapMeht.pdf), Accessed: 19.04.2013
O. Agarwal and T. Somanathan, (2005) 'Public Policy Making in India: Issues and Remedies', Available at: http://www.cprindia.org/admin/paper/Public_Policy_Making_in_India_14205_TV_SOMANATHAN.pdf, Accessed: 19.04.2013
B. Debroy, (2001) 'Why we need law reform' Seminar January.

Legislative Committees

Readings:

P. Mehta, 'India's Unlikely Democracy: The Rise of Judicial Sovereignty', Journal of Democracy, Vol. 18(2), pp.70-83.
Government link: <http://loksabha.nic.in/>; <http://rajyasabha.nic.in/>; <http://mpa.nic.in/>
K. Sanyal, (2011) Strengthening Parliamentary Committees PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi, Available at: <http://www.prsindia.org/administrator/uploads/media/Conference%202011/Strengthening%20Parliamentary%20Committees.pdf>, Accessed: 19.04.2013

Elementary Aspects of Social Research

Code: PLS-A-SEC-4-B(2)-TH

Module I

1. Fundamental issues in Research Methodology: concepts, variables, proposition and hypotheses; hypothesis construction and verification; measurement – scales; ethics in social research.
2. Research design: definition, purpose of research, unit of analysis, fallacy (ecological fallacy and fallacy of reductionism), factors affecting research design.
3. Sources and techniques of data collection -- qualitative and quantitative; Sampling –different types; Basic statistical methods – types of statistics; measures of central tendencies and measures of dispersion; graphic representation of data.

Module II

4. Participatory field research: Modes and methods of participant observation; advantages and limitations; Case study: definition; types; steps involved in the method; uses. Focus group method: nature and uses; role of the researcher.

5. Survey method: Definition, types; techniques of survey research: Pilot survey; interviewing – techniques; different types; qualities of a good interviewer; questionnaire – framing a questionnaire; problem of non-response; advantages and disadvantages of survey method.

6. Aggregate data analysis: Sources of aggregate data; uses of aggregate data; advantages of aggregate data; fallacy of inference. Experimental design: key concepts in experimental design; steps and planning the research; issues of equivalence and validity; classical experimental design.

[The Course may be supplemented with the use of computers though it is not obligatory].

Readings:

R. Kumar, *Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners*, Sage, 2010.

W.L. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, Pearson.

D. E. McNabb, (2004) *Research Methods for Political Science- Quantitative and Qualitative Methods*, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

R. Chatterjee, (1979) *Methods of Political Enquiry*, Calcutta: The World Press Pvt. Ltd., 1979.

University of Calcutta

Final Draft BA (General)-CBCS Syllabus in Political Science, 2018

Core Courses* (4 courses provided). Discipline-specific Elective (4 courses provided); Skill Enhancement(4 courses provided).[Students will also have to take courses from other subject/s]

*Core Courses mentioned hereunder are to be treated as the Generic Elective Courses of students pursuing Honours in a subject *other than Political Science*.

- ◆ ^Each course carries 80 marks--- theoretical and tutorial (plus 10 marks each for Attendance and Internal Assessment).
- ◆ 6 credit course:Minimum 30 classes for Theory and 15 contact hours for Tutorial per module. 2 credit course: 30 teaching/lecture hours in total.
- ◆ Core, DSE (and GE) Course: 6 credits (5 Theoretical + 1 Tutorial-related).
- ◆ Skill Enhancement/Skill-based Courses: 2 credits (no Tutorial).

^End Semester Assessment--- 65 marks for theoretical segment: 50 marks for subjective/descriptive questions + 15 marks for the category of 1 mark-questions.Question Pattern for subjective/descriptive segment of 50 marks: 2 questions (within 100 words; one from each module) out of 4 (10 x 2 = 20) + 2 questions (within 500 words; one from each module) out of 4 (15 x 2 = 30).>>For Skill Enhancement Courses the last component would carry 6 questions--- 15 marks each--- out of which 3 (at least one from each module) to be attempted because such courses have no Tutorial.

15 marks for tutorial-related segments as suggested below (any one item from each mode):

Any one of the following modes: i) Written mode: upto 1000 words for one Term Paper/upto 500 words for each of the two Term Papers/ equivalent Book Review/equivalent Comprehension/equivalent Quotation or Excerpt Elaboration. ii) Presentation Mode: Report Presentation/Poster Presentation/Field work--- based on syllabus-related and/or current topics (May be done in groups)[The modes and themes and/or topics are decided by the concerned faculty of respective colleges.]

- ◆ **Core Courses in Semesters I-IV; Discipline-specific courses in Semesters V and VI; Skill Enhancement courses in Semesters III-VI.**

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- ◆ The Readings provided below (except Bengali books) include those of the UGC Model CBCS Syllabus in Political Science. For Course Objectives and references it is advised that the UGC model CBCS syllabus* concerning relevant courses and topics be provided due importance and primarily consulted.

*BA General https://www.ugc.ac.in/pdfnews/0693504_BA-with-Pol-Science-.pdf

- ◆ Bengali books are not necessarily substitutes, but supplementary to the English books.
- ◆ The format is strictly subject to the parameters of the Common Structural Format of the University.

General (Political Science) Courses

Core:

Introduction to Political Theory

Comparative Government and Politics

Government and Politics in India

International Relations

DSE:

Public Administration

Indian Foreign Policy

Feminism: Theory and Practice

Human Rights: Theory and Indian Context

SEC:

Legal Literacy

Elementary Dimensions of Research

Understanding the Legal System

Basic Research Methods

Core Courses

Introduction to Political Theory Code: PLS-G-CC-1-1-TH+TU

Module I

1. Political Science: nature and scope; Different approaches--- Normative, Behavioural, Post-Behavioural, Marxist, Feminist.
2. State: Contract theory; Idealist theory; Liberal theory; Marxist theory; Gandhian theory. Sovereignty of the State: Monistic and Pluralist theories. Doctrine of Popular Sovereignty.
3. Foundational concepts: Law; Right; Liberty; Equality--- meanings, sources, interrelationships.
4. Key concepts: Nationalism and Internationalism—meanings and features; Democracy--- meaning and nature.

Module II

5. Marxism: Dialectical and Historical Materialism; Class and Class Struggle; Theory of Revolution; Lenin's Theory of Imperialism.
6. Fascism: meaning, features, significance.
7. Political parties and interest groups: functions and role; Methods of representation: territorial, functional, proportional.

Readings:

- R. Bhargava and A. Acharya eds., Political Theory: An Introduction.
Mohit Bhattacharya and Amal Roy: Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions.
S. Ramaswamy: Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts.
O. P. Gauba: An Introduction to Political Theory.
J. C. Johari: Political Theory
S.P. Verma: Modern Political Theory.
Maurice Cornforth: Dialectical Materialism.
Robin Goodfellow: Marxism in a Nutshell.
Tom Bottomore ed.: A Dictionary of Marxist Thought.
V. I. Lenin: Imperialism--- The Highest Stage of Capitalism.
Margaret Walters: Feminism: A Very Short Introduction.

মোহিত ভট্টাচার্য, বিশ্বনাথ ঘোষ: আধুনিক রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান

অনাদি কুমার মহাপাত্র: রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান

হিমাচল চক্রবর্তী: রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান

সত্যসাধন চক্রবর্তী, নির্মলকান্তি ঘোষ: রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান

দেবশীষ চক্রবর্তী: রাষ্ট্রতত্ত্ব ও প্রতিষ্ঠান

এমিল বার্নস: মার্কসবাদ(What is Marxism-এর অনুবাদ)

ভোলানাথ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়: দ্বন্দ্বমূলক বস্তুবাদ(মরিস কর্নফোর্থের Dialectical Materialism-এর অনুবাদ)

রাজশ্রী বসু ও বাসবী চক্রবর্তী (সম্পাদ): প্রসঙ্গ মানবীবিদ্যা

Comparative Government and PoliticsCode: PLS-G-CC-2-2-TH+TU

Module I

1 Political System: Liberal-democratic, Authoritarian .Socialist – forms of Political Systems: Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential.

2. U.K.: (a) Basic features with major focus on Conventions and rule of Law.

(b) Legislature: composition and functions with major focus on the concept of parliamentary sovereignty. (c) Executive: composition and functions of the Cabinet with major focus on the role of the Prime Minister – the concept of Cabinet Dictatorship; (d) Role of the Crown;(e) Party system – role of the Opposition.

3. U.S.A.: (a) Basic features (b) US federalism (c) Bill of rights (d) Legislature: composition and functions with major focus on the Presiding Officers and Committee System; (e) The Executive: The President: election, powers and functions. US Cabinet: composition and functions; (f) Supreme Court: composition and functions; (g) Party system.

Module II

4. PRC (1982 Constitution):(a) Significance of the Revolution (b) Basic features with special reference to General Principles(c) Communist Party: structure, functions, role (d) Rights and Duties of Citizen (e) The National Government: i) The Executive: President, Premier, State Council, ii) The Legislature: National People' Congress ,Standing Committee iii) The Judiciary.

5. Salient features of the Constitutions of Bangladesh,France,Switzerland.

Readings:

S. A. Palekar: Comparative Government and Politics.

J. C. Johari: Major Modern Political Systems.

The Constitution of the People's Republic of China (1982)

D.C. Bhattacharya: Modern Political Constitutions.

A.C. Kapoor and K.K. Misra: Select Constitutions.

নিমাই প্রামাণিক: নির্বাচিত আধুনিক শাসন ব্যবস্থার রূপরেখা

হিমাচল চক্রবর্তী: তুলনামূলক রাজনীতি ও শাসন ব্যবস্থা

অনাদি কুমার মহাপাত্র: নির্বাচিত শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি

নির্মলকান্তি ঘোষ: নির্বাচিত তুলনামূলক শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি

দিনেশচন্দ্র ভট্টাচার্য: তুলনামূলক রাজনীতি ও বিদেশের শাসন ব্যবস্থা

Government and Politics in IndiaCode: PLS-G-CC-3-3-TH+TU

Module I

1. Evolution of the Constitution (brief). The Preamble; Fundamental Rights. Directive Principles;

2. Union-State Relations – nature of federalism.

3. Union Executive: President, Vice-President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers.

4. Union Legislature: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha--- organisation, functions, law Making procedure, Privileges, Committee System, Speaker.

5. The Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts--- composition and functions; Judicial Activism in India.
6. Constitutional amendment procedure.

Module II

7. Government in States: Governor; Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister; State Legislature: composition and functions.
8. Local Government: rural and urban. Significance of 73rd and 74th Amendments.
9. Election Commission and election reforms.
10. Party System in India: national political parties: Ideologies and programmes. Recent trends in India: rise of regional political parties; coalition politics.
11. Regionalism: Nature, roots, types.
12. Varieties of social and political movements: a) caste; tribe; b) religion; c) environment; d) women's movements.

Readings:

- B. Chakrabarty and K. P. Pandey: Indian Government and Politics.
H. Abbas et al.: Indian Government and Politics.
D. Basu: Introduction to the Constitution of India.
M. V. Pylee: India's Constitution.
Subhas Kashyap: Our Constitution.
M.P. Singh and R. Saxena: Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues
J. C. Johari: Indian Government and Politics (2 Vols.)
Rajinder Singh: Social Movements in India.
Devki Jain Ed., Indian Women.

অমল কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায় ও ভোলানাথ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়ঃ সাম্প্রতিক ভারতীয় রাজনীতি ও প্রশাসন
নিমাই প্রামাণিকঃ ভারতের শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি
অনাদি কুমার মহাপাত্রঃ ভারতের শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি
নির্মলকান্তি ঘোষঃ ভারতের শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি
অনাদি কুমার মহাপাত্রঃ ভারতের রাজনীতিক ব্যবস্থা প্রকৃতি ও প্রয়োগ
প্রভাত দত্তঃ প্রসঙ্গ পঞ্চায়েত
হিমাংশু ঘোষঃ সমকালীন ভারতীয় রাজনীতি ও প্রশাসন
শান্ত্বতী ঘোষঃ সমতার দিকে আন্দোলনে নারী

International RelationsCode: PLS-G-CC-4-4-TH+TU

Module I

1. International Relations as a field of study. Approaches:
 - (a) Classical Realism (Hans Morgenthau) and Neo-Realism (Kenneth Waltz)
 - (b) Neo-Liberalism: Complex Interdependence (Robert O. Keohane and Joseph Nye)
 - (c) Structural Approaches: World Systems Approach (Immanuel Wallerstein) and Dependency School (Andre Gunder Frank)
 - (d) Feminist Perspective (J. Ann Tickner)
2. Cold War:(a) Second World War & Origins of Cold War; (b) Phases of Cold War: First Cold War; Rise and Fall of Detente Second Cold War.

Module II

3. End of Cold War and Collapse of the Soviet Union

(b) Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centers of Power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan)

4. India's Foreign Policy

(a) Basic Determinants (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic and Strategic); (b) India's Policy of Non-Alignment; (c) India as emerging Power

Readings:

William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.): Classic Readings of International Relations.

Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C.: International Relations.

Art, R. J. and Jervis, R. (eds.): International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues.

Jackson, R. and Sorenson, G.: Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches.

Tickner, J. A.: Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post-Cold War Era.

Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.): The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations.

Wenger, A. and Zimmermann, D. (eds.): International Relations: From the Cold World War to the Globalized World.

Vanaik, A.: India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of Its Foreign Policy. .

Basu, Rumki (ed.): International Politics: Concepts theories and Issues, New Delhi.

Mewmillians, W.C. and Piotrowski, H.: The World since 1945: A History of International Relations.

Smith, M., Little, R. and Shackleton, M. (eds.): Perspectives on World Politics.

Ganguly, S. (ed.): India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect.

গৌতম বসু: আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক: তত্ত্ব ও বিবর্তন

রাধারমণ চক্রবর্তী ও সুকল্পা চক্রবর্তী: সমসাময়িক আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক

পুরুষোত্তম ভট্টাচার্য ও অনিন্দ্যজ্যোতি মজুমদার (সম্পাদনা): আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্কের রূপরেখা

রুমকী বসু ও অঞ্জনা ঘোষ: সম্মিলিত জাতিপুঞ্জ

অনীক চট্টোপাধ্যায়: ঠাণ্ডামুদ্রের পর আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক

নির্মলকান্তি ঘোষ: আন্তর্জাতিক সংগঠন ও জাতিপুঞ্জ

গৌরীপদ ভট্টাচার্য: আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক

শক্তি মুখার্জী, ইন্দ্রাণী মুখার্জী: আন্তর্জাতিক সম্পর্ক

Discipline-specific Electives

The choice is between Courses in 1A and 1B and between Courses in 2A and 2B--- one each from the two segments offered.

Public Administration Code: PLS-G-DSE-A-5-1A-TH+TU

Module I

1. Nature and Scope of Public Administration.

2. Key Concepts: Hierarchy; Unity of Command; Span of Control; Authority;

Centralization and Decentralization; Line and Staff; Communication and Control; Delegation;

Decision-making; Coordination and Leadership.

3. Major Approaches: New Public Administration; Comparative Public Administration;

Development Administration; New Public Management.

Module II

4. Bureaucracy: Views of Weber and Marx.
5. Public Policy: Formulation and Implementation.
6. Major Programmes (basic features and objectives): MGNREGA; Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan; National Rural Health Mission.

Readings:

- Mohit Bhattacharya: Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour.
A. Avasthi and S. Avasthi: Public Administration.
M. Bhattacharya: Restructuring Public Administration.
M.P. Sharma: Public Administration in Theory and Practice.
Rumki Basu: Public Administration: Concepts and Theories.
Sapru, R.K. Public Policy: Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.

মোহিত ভট্টাচার্য ও বিশ্বনাথ ঘোষ: জনপ্রশাসন ও পরিকল্পনা
সোমা ঘোষ: জনপ্রশাসন: তত্ত্ব ও প্রয়োগ
রাজশ্রী বসু: জনপ্রশাসন

Indian Foreign Policy Code: PLS-G-DSE-A-5-1B-TH+TU

Module I

1. Foreign Policy: meaning and determinants.
2. National Interest as key concept in foreign policy.
3. Instruments of foreign policy: diplomacy; propaganda; military.

Module II

4. Evolution of Indian foreign policy.
5. Basic principles of Indian foreign policy.
6. India and her neighbours: Bangladesh; Pakistan; Nepal; Sri Lanka.

Readings:

- K.K Ghai, *International Relations: Theory and Practice of International Politics*
Vinay Kumar Malhotra, *International Relations*, Fourth edition, Vikas Publications.
Peu Ghosh, *International Relations*, Prentice Hall Publishers.
Pushpesh Pant, *International Relations in the Twenty-first Century*, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
Prakash Chander and Prem Arora, *International Relations and Comparative Politics*, Cosmos Bookhive Publications.
Aneek Chatterjee, *Neighbours, Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy*, Orient Blackswan.
Prem Arora, *Foreign Policy of India*, Cosmos Bookhive Publishers.

Feminism: Theory and Practice Code: PLS-G-DSE-B-6-2A-TH+TU

Module I

1. Distinction between sex and gender. Biologism and Social Constructivism.
2. Patriarchy and Feminism.
3. Theoretical foundation: Liberal; Socialist; Marxist; Radical Feminism; New Feminist ideas

Module II

4. Traditional historiography and Feminist critiques.
5. Social reform movements and position of women: Indian context.
6. Gender relations in family: consumption; entitlement; property rights.

Readings:

- B. Hooks, (2010) 'Feminism: A Movement to End Sexism', in C. Mc Cann and S. Kim (eds), *The Feminist Reader: Local and Global Perspectives*, New York: Routledge, pp. 51-57
- R. Delmar, (2005) 'What is Feminism?', in W. Kolmar & F. Bartkowski (eds) *Feminist Theory: A Reader*, pp. 27-37.
- U. Chakravarti, (2003) *Gendering Caste through a Feminist Lens*, Kolkata, Stree, pp. 139-159.
- C. MacKinnon, 'The Liberal State' from *Towards a Feminist Theory of State*, Available at <http://fair-use.org/catharine-mackinnon/toward-a-feminist-theory-of-the-state/chapter-8>
- N. Menon (2008) 'Gender', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 224-233.

রাজশ্রী বসু ও বাসবী চক্রবর্তী (সম্পাদনা): প্রসঙ্গ মানবীবিদ্যা

Human Rights: Theory and Indian Context Code: PLS-G-DSE-B-6-2B-TH+TU

Module I

1. History of the idea of human rights; Evolution of generations of human rights.
2. Universal Declaration of Human Rights: provisions and significance.
3. UN and human rights: charters; UN Human Rights Commission; Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

Module II

4. Indian Constitution and the foundation of rights.
5. National and State Human Rights Commissions: structure and functions.
6. Human rights in India: problems and remedies.

Readings:

Universal Declaration of Human Rights, www.un.org/en/udhrbook/pdf/udhr_booklet_en_web.pdf

Alok Kumar Meena, *Human Rights in India: Concepts and Concerns*, India: Pointer Publishers.
S.C. Joshi, *Human Rights: Concepts, Issues and Laws*, India: Akansha Publishing House.
Amit Bhattacharya and Bimal Kanti Ghosh (eds.), *Human Rights in India, Historical Perspective and Challenges Ahead*.
D. O'Byrne, (2007) 'Theorizing Human Rights', in *Human Rights: An Introduction*, Delhi, Pearson.
M. Ishay, (2004) *The History of Human Rights: From Ancient Times to the Globalization Era*, Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

Skill Enhancement Courses

[The choice lies between Courses 1 and 2 of Section A and Courses 1 and 2 of Section B. One particular course in Gr. A --- between PLS-G-SEC-3/5-A(1)-TH and PLS-G-SEC-3/5-A(2)-TH is to be chosen either in Sem-III or in Sem-V. One particular course in Gr. B--- between PLS-G-SEC-4/6-B(1)-TH and PLS-G-SEC-4/6-B(2)-TH is to be chosen either in Sem IV or in Sem VI]

Legal Literacy Code: PLS-G-SEC-3-A(1)-TH

Module I

1. Legal Issues of Criminal Jurisdiction: History, Definition and Concept, Major Processes— Detention, Arrest, Bail, Search and Seizure.
2. Indian Penal Code: History, Definition. Major Aspects—Protection of Primary and Secondary Personal Rights, Criminal Conspiracy, Offences against the State, Offences related to Marriage.
3. Personal Laws: Laws related to Marriage (examples from Hindu, Islam and Christian Laws).

Module II

4. Consumer Rights Laws: Definition of Consumer Rights, Process of filing a complaint. Right to Information Act: provisions; importance.
5. Anti-Terror Laws: Meaning, Terrorist and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) (TADA) Act 1987, 2002 and Prevention of Terrorism (POTA) Act 2002.
6. Human Rights Laws: Meanings, Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), Human Rights Act of 1993, Issues of rights of Children and Women.

Readings:

K. Sankaran and U. Singh, *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2008. Articles on Laws relating to criminal justice and offences against Women.
Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India- The system and Procedure. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2006. Relevant articles on FIR, Detention, Bail.
M. Mohanty et al., *Weapon of the Oppressed, Inventory of People's Rights in India*, Delhi: Danish Books, 2011. Articles on Adivasis and Dalits.
S. Durrany, *The Protection of Women From Domestic Violence Act 2005*, New Delhi: Indian Social Institute, 2006.
V. Kumari, (2008) 'Offences Against Women', in K, Sankaran and U. Singh (eds.) *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

P. D. Mathew, (2004) *The Measure to Prevent Sexual Harassment of Women in Work Place*. New Delhi: Indian Social Institute.

D. Srivastva, (2007) 'Sexual Harassment and Violence against Women in India: Constitutional and Legal Perspectives', in C. Kumar and K. Chockalingam (eds) *Human Rights, Justice, and Constitutional Empowerment*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.

S. Naib, (2013) 'Right to Information Act 2005', in *The Right to Information in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, Available at http://www.humanrightsinitiative.org/publications/rti/guide_to_use_rti_act_2005_English2012_light_Aspire.pdf.

Bare Acts:

Consumer Protection Act, 1986, http://chdsla.gov.in/right_menu/act/pdf/consumer.pdf.

Criminal law Amendment Act, 2013, http://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/2013/E_17_2013_212.pdf 10.04.2013.

Protection of Women Against Domestic Violence Act, 2005, <http://wcd.nic.in/wdvact.pdf>.

Right to Information Act, 2005, <http://righttoinformation.gov.in/rti-act.pdf>.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Prevention of Atrocities Act, 1989, <http://tribal.nic.in/writereaddata/linkimages/poaact989E4227472861.pdf>.

Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act 2006, <http://tribal.gov.in/writereaddata/mainlinkFile/File1033.pdf>.

The Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights, Full Participation) Act, 1995, http://bhind.nic.in/Sparsh_disability%20act%201995.pdf.

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009, <http://www.delta.org.in/form/rte.pdf>.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Bill, 2012, http://164.100.24.219/BillsTexts/LSBillTexts/PassedLoksabha/144C_2010_LS_Eng.pdf.

Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013, mha.nic.in/pdfs/TheCriminalLaw030413.pdf File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat –Quick View

Elementary Dimensions of Research

Code: PLS-G-SEC-4-B(1)-TH

Module I

1. Concepts, variables (dependent and independent), propositions and hypothesis.
2. Research design: definition, purpose of research, units of analysis, fallacies.
3. Ethics in research---issues and problems.
4. Research Report writing.

Module II

4. Sources and Techniques of data collection – quantitative and qualitative data
5. Sampling: definition, probability and non-probability. Scales and Measurement
6. Statistical method of data analysis: descriptive and inferential (Overview). Graphic representation of data (Bar graph, Histogram, Pie Chart)

Readings:

- R. Kumar, *Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners*, Sage pub., 2010.
- W.L. Neuman, *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*, Pearson.
- R. Chatterjee, (1979) *Methods of Political Enquiry*, Calcutta: The World Press Pvt. Ltd.
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Understanding the Legal System Code: PLS-G-SEC-5-A(2)-TH

Module I

1. Historical background, procedures of Supreme Court and High Court in India (special focus on writ jurisdictions), Judicial Activism and Judicial Restraint.
2. Public Interest Litigation (PIL): Meaning, major features and Scope, principles, Major Guidelines for admitting PIL.
3. Administrative Tribunals: Concepts and major Features, tribunals for other matters.

Module II

4. Subordinate Courts: Constitutional provisions, structure and jurisdiction, National Legal Services Authority, Lok Adalats, Family Courts and Gram Nyayalayas.
5. Elections Laws: Representation of People Act 1950, Representation of People Act 1951, Delimitation Act 2002.
6. Other Constitutional Dimensions: Anti-defection Laws (major provisions of 91st Amendment Act, 2003), Co-operative Societies (provisions of 97th Amendment Act), Mahila Courts.

Readings:

Creating Legal Awareness, edited by Kamala Sankaran and Ujjwal Singh (Delhi: OUP, 2007)

Asha Bajpai, *Child Rights in India: Law, Policy, and Practice*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003.

B.L. Wadhwa, *Public Interest Litigation - A Handbook*, Universal, Delhi, 2003.

P.C. Rao and William Sheffiled *Alternate Dispute Resolution: What it is and How it Works*, Universal Law Books and Publishers, Delhi, 2002

J. Kothari, (2005) 'Criminal Law on Domestic Violence', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 40(46), pp. 4843-4849.

H. Mander, and A. Joshi, *The Movement for Right to Information in India, People's Power for the Control of Corruption*, <http://www.rti-gateway.org.in/Documents/References/English/Reports/12.%20An%20article%20on%20RTI%20by%20Harsh%20Mander.pdf>.

M, Mohanty et al. (2011) *Weapon of the Oppressed, Inventory of People's Rights in India*. Delhi: Danish Books.

Centre for Good Governance, (2008) *Right to Information Act, 2005: A Citizen's Guide*, <http://www.rti-gateway.org.in/Documents/Publications/A%20CITIZEN'S%20GUIDE.pdf>

K. Sankaran and U. Singh, *Towards Legal Literacy*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2008.

Oxford Handbook of Human Rights and Criminal Justice in India- The system and Procedure, New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Relevant articles.

Basic Research Methods Code: PLS-G-SEC-6-B(2)-TH

Module I

1. Case study.

2. Survey Approach: Interviewing- different types and forms, qualities of a good interviewer; Preparing questionnaire, types of questionnaire. Pilot Survey.
3. Focus Groups: role of researcher; uses and abuses.

Module II

4. Experimental research: types. Aggregate Data analysis: sources, utility and limitations.
5. Content Analysis: major issues.
6. Participant observation: modes, advantages and disadvantages.

Readings:

- R. Chatterjee, (1979) *Methods of Political Enquiry*, Calcutta: The World Press Pvt. Ltd.
- D. E. McNabb, (2004) *Research Methods for Political Science- Quantitative and Qualitative Methods*, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
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